



**MINUTES OF PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING OF THE COUNCIL  
OF THE CITY OF RANDWICK HELD ON TUESDAY, 8 SEPTEMBER  
2009 AT 6:12PM**

**Present:**

The Mayor, Councillor B Notley-Smith (East Ward)

- |              |  |
|--------------|--|
| North Ward   | - Councillors K Smith, P Tracey & M Woodsmith                |
| South Ward   | - Councillors R Belleli, C Matthews & A White                |
| East Ward    | - Councillors T Bowen & M Matson (Deputy Chairperson)        |
| West Ward    | - Councillors B Hughes, S Nash (Chairperson) & J Procopiadis |
| Central Ward | - Councillors A Andrews & T Seng                             |

**Officers present:**

General Manager	Mr R Brownlee
Director City Services	Mr J Frangoples
Director City Planning	Ms S Truuvert
Director Governance & Financial Services	Mr G Banting
Manager Development Assessment	Mr K Kyriacou
Senior Administrative Coordinator	Ms J Hartshorn
Media Officer	Ms A Power

**Apologies/Granting of Leave of Absences**

An apology and request for leave of absence was received from Cr Stevenson.

**RESOLVED: (Hughes/Bowen)** that the apology received from Cr Stevenson be accepted and leave of absence from the meeting be granted.

**Confirmation of the Minutes**

**CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF THE PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING  
HELD ON TUESDAY 11 AUGUST 2009**

PL69/09

**RESOLUTION: (Belleli/Hughes)** that the Minutes of the Planning Committee Meeting held on Tuesday 11 August 2009 (copies of which were circulated to all Councillors) be and are hereby confirmed as a correct record of the proceedings of that meeting.

## Declarations of Pecuniary and Non-Pecuniary Interests

- a) Cr Matson declared a non-significant non-pecuniary interest in Item D57/09 as the daughter of one of the objectors attends the same school as his daughter.
- b) Cr Smith declared a significant non-pecuniary interest in Item D52/09 as he knows the applicant's family. Cr Smith indicated that he would not take part in the debate or the vote on the matter.

## Address of Council by Members of the Public

Prior to consideration of the Agenda by the Committee, deputations were received in respect of the following matters:

D50/09 54 GUBBUTEH ROAD, LITTLE BAY

**For** Brent Martin (Architect on behalf of Applicant)

D52/09 21 CAMIRA STREET, MAROUBRA

**Against** Mark Swain (speaking on behalf of the owner)

D55/09 17 BREAM STREET, COOGEE

**For** Stephen Upton (owner)

D57/09 65 MELODY STREET, COOGEE

**Against** Stephen Fitts (objector)

**For** Nick Ignatenko (owner)

The meeting was adjourned at 6.40pm and was resumed at 6.55pm.

## Urgent Business

Nil

## Development Application Reports

### **D50/09 Development Application Report - 54 Gubbuteh Road, Little Bay (DA/316/2009)**

PL70/09 **RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) -**

- A. That Council supports the objections under State Environmental Planning Policy No. 1 - Development Standards in respect to non-compliance with Clauses 30A(2) and 30A(4) of Randwick Local Environmental Plan 1998 relating to floor space ratio and building height respectively, on the grounds that the proposed development complies with the objectives of the above clauses, and will not adversely affect the amenity of the locality, and that the Department of Planning be advised accordingly.
- B. That Council, as the consent authority, grants Development Consent under Sections 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, as amended, to Development Application No. DA/316/2009 for construction of a part 1- and part 3-storey detached dwelling with double garage, landscaping and associated site works, at No. 54 Gubbuteh Road, Little Bay, subject to the following conditions:

## Conditions of Consent

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the following plans:

Plan Number	Dated	Received	Prepared By
10817 DA03(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	MDA Architects
10817 DA05(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA06(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA07(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA08(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA09(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA10(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA11(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA12(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	
10817 DA13(A)	19.05.2009	25 May 2009	

the application form and any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans:

2. The colours, materials and finishes of the external surfaces to the building are to be consistent with the submitted Colour Schedule, numbered 10817 DA22 (Revision A), dated 21.05.2009 and prepared by MDA Architects.
3. The proposed reflection pond and water features shall have a water depth of not more than 300mm when fully filled up. Details demonstrating compliance with this requirement shall be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.
4. The west-facing windows attached to the bathroom areas on both the ground and lower ground levels are to be constructed with obscured/translucent glazing, or provided with suitable external metal louvre or timber batten screens. Details demonstrating compliance are to be incorporated in the Construction Certificate documentation.
5. A fixed privacy screen of minimum 1,600mm in height, as measured from the finished floor level, shall be installed on both side elevations of the rear balconies on the ground and lower ground levels. The screens shall extend perpendicularly from the rear façade for a minimum distance of 1,500mm. The screens shall be constructed with 35mm metal slats / blades, vertically positioned, and spaced at a maximum of 35mm, or another appropriate design that effectively restricts cross-viewing into the private open space of Nos. 52 and 56 Gubbuteh Road. Details demonstrating compliance are to be incorporated in the Construction Certificate documentation.
6. An additional window shall be provided on the street (southern) elevation of the ground floor bedroom/study room area. The new window shall be centrally positioned on the wall, and shall have dimensions of 3500mm (length) x 500mm (width) consistent with the other two windows on the same wall currently proposed in the design scheme. The window shall be constructed with either fixed or operable clear glazing. Details demonstrating compliance with the above requirements shall be incorporated in the Construction Certificate documentation to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.

7. Any fences located on the rear boundary of the subject site shall not exceed a maximum height of 1,800mm, measured above the existing ground levels.  
  
On sloping sites or at changes in ground levels, the maximum height of the fence may exceed the aforementioned specified height by up to 150mm maximum adjacent to any required 'step-downs' or changes in ground level.  
  
The applicant and owner are advised that the relevant provisions of the Dividing Fences Act 1991 are to be satisfied accordingly and any necessary approvals or agreements should be obtained from the owner/s of the adjoining land beforehand.
8. The dimensions and design of the proposed double garage are to be consistent with Australian Standard 2890.1. Details demonstrating compliance with the above requirement are to be incorporated in the Construction Certificate documentation to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.
9. There must be no encroachment of the structure/s onto Council's road reserve, footway or public place, unless written permission has been obtained from the Council beforehand.
10. Street numbering must be provided to the premises in a prominent position, in accordance with the Australia Post guidelines and AS/NZS 4819 (2003) to the satisfaction of Council, **prior to an occupation certificate being issued** for the development.
11. The finished ground levels external to the building are to be consistent with the development consent and are not to be raised (other than for the provision of approved paving or the like on the ground) without the written consent of Council.
12. Eaves, gutters, hoods and similar structures or attachments are required to be setback from the side boundaries of the allotment a minimum distance of 500mm and details of compliance are to be included in the construction certificate application.
13. Lighting to the premises shall be designed so as not to cause a nuisance to nearby residents.
14. No cooking facilities or sanitary fittings other than those indicated on the approved plans are to be installed in the premises without the prior written consent of the Council.

**The following condition is imposed to satisfy the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation:**

15. All building, plumbing and drainage work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.

The approved Construction Certificate plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre prior to commencing any building or excavation works, to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if any further requirements need to be met.

If suitable, the plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to Sydney Water's web site at [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) and go to the Building, Developing and Plumbing, then Quick Check or Building and Renovating or telephone 13 20 92.

The principal certifying authority must ensure that a Quick Check Agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans **before commencing any works.**

**The following conditions are imposed to promote ecologically sustainable development and energy efficiency:**

16. In accordance with Section 80A (11) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Clause 97A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a prescribed condition that all of the required commitments listed in the relevant BASIX Certificate for this development are fulfilled.
17. In accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, a relevant BASIX Certificate and associated documentation must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate application for this development.

The required commitments listed and identified in the BASIX Certificate are to be included on the plans, specifications and associated documentation for the proposed development, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

The design of the building must not be inconsistent with the development consent and any proposed variations to the building to achieve the BASIX commitments may necessitate a new development consent or amendment to the existing consent to be obtained, prior to a construction certificate being issued.

18. The following provisions are to be implemented in accordance with the relevant BASIX Certificate and details are to be included in the Construction Certificate documentation (as applicable), to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority:
  - Stormwater management (i.e. rainwater tanks)
  - Water efficiency (i.e. triple A rated taps and showers, dual flush toilets and water re-use)
  - Landscaping provisions
  - Thermal comfort (i.e. construction materials, glazing and insulation)
  - Energy efficiency (i.e. cooling & heating provisions and hot water systems)

19. In accordance with Clause 154B of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, a Certifying Authority must not issue a final Occupation Certificate for this development, unless it is satisfied that each of the required BASIX commitments has been fulfilled.

Relevant documentary evidence of compliance with the BASIX commitments is to be forwarded to the Council upon issuing the final Occupation Certificate.

**The following condition has been applied to ensure that adequate drainage is provided from the premises and to maintain adequate levels of health and amenity in the locality:**

20. External paths and ground surfaces are to be constructed at appropriate levels and be graded and drained away from the building and adjoining premises, so as not to result in the entry of water into the building, or cause a nuisance or damage to the adjoining premises.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and**

**Regulations:**

21. The requirements and provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of `on-the-spot` penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

22. All new building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the **Building Code of Australia** (BCA), in accordance with Clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

23. **Prior to the commencement of any building works, a construction certificate** must be obtained from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

24. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:

- i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work, and
- ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work, or in relation to residential building work, obtain an *owner-builder* permit in accordance with the requirements of the Home Building Act 1989, and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing, and
- iii) unless the person having the benefit of the consent is the *principal contractor* (i.e. *owner-builder*), notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*, and
- iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence building works.

*In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the Home Building Act 1989.*

25. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 162A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected in accordance with section 81A (2) (b1) (ii) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

Documentary evidence of the building inspections carried out and details of compliance with Council's consent is to be maintained by the *Principal Certifying Authority*. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

The *principal contractor* or *owner-builder* (as applicable) must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections"*, are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works.

26. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
- name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours, or *owner-builder* permit details (as applicable)
  - name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying Authority*,
  - a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".
27. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to any occupation of the building work** encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The relevant requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

28. **Prior to the issuing of an interim or final occupation certificate**, a statement is required to be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority, which confirms that the development is not inconsistent with the development consent and the relevant conditions of development consent have been satisfied.

Details of *critical stage* inspections carried out by the principal certifying authority together with any other certification relied upon must also be provided to Council with the occupation certificate.

29. In accordance with clause 98 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a prescribed condition, that in the case of residential building work, a contract of insurance must be obtained and in force, in accordance with the provisions of the Home Building Act 1989.

Where the work is to be done by a licensed contractor, excavation or building work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA):

- has been informed in writing of the licensee's name and contractor number; and
- is satisfied that the licensee has complied with the insurance

requirements of Part 6 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, or

Where the work to be done by any other person (i.e. an *owner-builder*), excavation or building work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority:

- has been informed of the person's name and *owner-builder* permit number, or
- has been given a declaration, signed by the owner of the land that states that the market cost of the labour and materials involved in the work does not exceed \$5,000.

Details of the principal building contractor and compliance with the provisions of the *Home Building Act 1989* (i.e. *Details of the principal licensed building contractor and a copy of the Certificate of Insurance*) are to be submitted to Council **prior to the commencement of works**, with the notice of appointment of the PCA/notice of intention to commence building work.

30. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, **prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate**, in accordance with Section 109F of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

*At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.*

31. Smoke alarms are required to be installed in each Class 1 building or residential dwelling in accordance with the relevant provisions of Part 3.7.2 of the B.C.A. – Housing Provisions.

Smoke alarms must comply with AS3786 – Smoke alarms and be connected to the consumer mains electric power supply and provided with a battery back-up.

The smoke alarms are to be installed in suitable locations on or near the ceiling, in any storey containing bedrooms; located between each part of the dwelling containing the bedrooms and the remainder of the dwelling, or where bedrooms are served by a hallway, the smoke alarms are to be located in that hallway; and smoke alarms are to be installed in any other storey not containing bedrooms, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

Smoke alarms are not to be located in 'dead-air-spaces', in the corner junction of walls and ceilings between exposed rafters/joists or at the apex of raked ceilings, as detailed in Part 3.7.2 of the Building Code of Australia – Housing Provisions.

Details of compliance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia must be included in the plans/specification for the **construction certificate**.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

32. The demolition of buildings and the removal, storage, handling and disposal of building materials must be carried out in accordance with the following regulations:
- The requirements and Guidelines of WorkCover NSW



- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000
- Australian Standard 2601 (2001) – Demolition of Structures
- The Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
- Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.

33. Any work involving the demolition, storage and disposal of asbestos products and materials must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements:

- a. Relevant Occupational Health & Safety legislation and WorkCover NSW requirements
- b. Randwick City Council's Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)
- c. A WorkCover licensed demolition or asbestos removal contractor must undertake removal of more than 10m<sup>2</sup> of bonded asbestos (or as otherwise specified by WorkCover or relevant legislation). Removal of friable asbestos material must only be undertaken by contractor that holds a current friable asbestos removal licence.
- d. On sites involving the removal of asbestos, a sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site, containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS' and include details of the licensed contractor.
- e. Asbestos waste must be stored, transported and disposed of in compliance with the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.
- f. A Clearance Certificate or Statement, prepared by a suitably qualified person (ie an occupational hygienist, licensed asbestos removal contractor, building consultant, architect or experienced licensed building contractor), must be provided to Council and the Principal certifying authority upon completion of the asbestos related works which confirms that the asbestos material have been removed appropriately and the relevant conditions of consent have been satisfied.

*A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development Section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.*

34. All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely in accordance with appropriate professional standards and excavations are to be properly guarded and supported to prevent them from being dangerous to life, property or buildings.

Retaining walls, shoring or piling must be provided to support land which is excavated in association with the erection or demolition of a building, to prevent the movement of soil and to support the adjacent land and buildings, if the soil conditions require it. Adequate provisions are also to be made for drainage.

Retaining walls, shoring, or piling must be designed and installed in accordance with appropriate professional standards and the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards. Details of proposed retaining walls, shoring or piling are to be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority for the development prior to commencing such

excavations or works.

35. A dilapidation report prepared by a professional engineer, accredited building surveyor or other suitably qualified person must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to commencement** of any demolition, excavation or building works, in the following cases:

- new dwellings or additions to dwellings sited up to the property boundaries (including additions to a semi-detached dwelling),
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are proposed to be located within the zone of influence of the footings of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are within rock and may result in vibration and or potential damage to any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- as otherwise required by the Principal Certifying Authority.

The report (including photographs) is to detail the current condition and status of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon the adjoining premises, which may be affected by the subject works.

36. The adjoining land and buildings located upon the adjoining land must be adequately supported at all times.

If an excavation associated with the erection or demolition of a building extends below the level of the base of the footings of any building located on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation must:

- preserve and protect the building/s on the adjoining land from damage; and
- effectively support the excavation and building; and
- at least seven (7) days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land (including a public road or public place), give notice of the intention and particulars of the works to the owner of the adjoining land.

#### Notes

- *This consent and condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is proposed to be carried out upon any adjoining or supported land, the principal contractor or owner-builder must obtain:*
  - a) *the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or*
  - b) *an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or*
  - c) *an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or*
  - d) *an easement under section 40 of the Land & Environment Court Act 1979, as appropriate.*
- *Section 177 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).*

37. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays and all building activities are strictly prohibited on

### Sundays and Public Holidays.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like, is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and loss of amenity to nearby residents.

38. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.

Noise and vibration from any rock excavation machinery and pile drivers (or the like) must be minimised by using appropriate plant and equipment and silencers and a construction noise and vibration minimisation strategy, prepared by a suitably qualified consultant is to be implemented during the works, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.

39. A Registered Surveyor's check survey certificate or *compliance certificate* is to be forwarded to the principal certifying authority (*and a copy is to be forwarded to the Council, if the Council is not the principal certifying authority*), detailing compliance with Council's approval at the following stage/s of construction:

- a) Prior to construction of the footings or first completed floor slab (prior to the pouring of concrete), showing the area of the land, building and boundary setbacks and levels of the building.
- b) On completion of the erection of the building showing the area of the land, the position of the building and boundary setbacks and verifying the building has been constructed at the approved levels.

40. Temporary toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site throughout the course of demolition and construction, to the satisfaction of WorkCover NSW and the toilet facilities must be connected to a public sewer or other sewage management facility approved by Council.

41. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

Temporary site fences are to be structurally adequate, safe and be constructed in a professional manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place **prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works** and be maintained throughout construction.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or public place, the written consent from

Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

42. A Construction Site Management Plan is to be submitted to and approved by the principal certifying authority **prior to the commencement** of demolition, excavation or building works. The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:

- location and construction of protective fencing/hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
- location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
- location of building materials for construction;
- provisions for public safety;
- dust control measures;
- site access location and construction
- details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- protective measures for tree preservation;
- provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
- details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
- construction noise and vibration management;
- construction traffic management provisions.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain adequate levels of public health and safety. A copy of the approved Construction Site Management Plan must be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

43. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by the NSW Department of Housing.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the Construction Site Management Plan which must be submitted to and approved by the principal certifying authority **prior to the commencement of any site works**. The sediment and erosion control measures must be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout construction. A copy of the approved details must be forwarded to the Council and a copy is to be maintained on-site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

Details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures shall include; a site plan; indicating the slope of land, access points & access control measures, location and type of sediment & erosion controls, location of existing vegetation to be retained, location of material stockpiles and storage areas, location of building operations and equipment, methods of sediment control, details of drainage systems and details of existing and proposed vegetation.

44. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:

- a. Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other activities must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil

and debris at all times.

- b. Stockpiles of soil, sand, aggregate or other materials must not be located on any footpath, roadway, nature strip, drainage line or any public place and the stockpiles must be protected with adequate sediment control measures.
- c. Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
- d. A warning sign for soil and water management must be displayed in a prominent position on the building site, visible to both the public and site workers. The sign must be displayed throughout the construction period. Copies of a suitable warning sign are available at Council's Customer Service Centre for a nominal fee.
- e. Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health Building and Regulatory Services section.
- f. Any part of Council's road, footway or nature strip which is damaged as a result of the work must be repaired or replaced to Council's satisfaction prior to occupation or finalisation of the development.

**The following conditions have been applied to ensure that noise emissions from the development satisfy legislative requirements and maintain reasonable levels of amenity to the area:**

45. The air conditioning plant and equipment shall not be operated during the following hours if the noise emitted can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises, or, as otherwise specified in relevant Noise Control Regulations:
  - before 8.00am or after 10.00pm on any Saturday, Sunday or public holiday; or
  - before 7.00am or after 10.00pm on any other day.

46. The operation of all plant and equipment shall not give rise to an 'offensive noise' as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Regulations*.

In this regard, the operation of the plant and equipment shall not give rise to an  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ min}}$  sound pressure level at any affected premises that exceeds the background  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ min}}$  noise level, measured in the absence of the noise source/s under consideration by more than 5dB(A) in accordance with relevant NSW Department of Environment & Conservation Noise Control Guidelines.

47. The installation of rainwater tanks shall comply with the following noise control requirements:-
  - a) The operation of all plant and equipment shall not give rise to an 'offensive noise' as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Regulations*.

In this regard, the operation of the plant and equipment shall not give

rise to an  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ min}}$  sound pressure level at any affected premises that exceeds the background  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ min}}$  noise level, measured in the absence of the noise source/s under consideration by more than 5dB(A) in accordance with relevant NSW Department of Environment & Conservation Noise Control Guidelines.

- b) Plant and equipment associated with rainwater tank(s) are to be enclosed in a sound absorbing enclosure or installed within a building, to minimise noise emissions and possible nuisance to nearby residents.
- c) The operation of plant and equipment associated with the rainwater tank(s) are to be restricted to the following hours if the noise emitted can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises:
  - before 8.00am or after 8.00pm on weekends or public holiday; or
  - before 7.00am or after 8.00pm on weekdays.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that adequate provisions are made for the management of waste from the development:**

48. Adequate provisions are to be made within the premises for the storage and removal of waste and recyclable materials, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority and details are to be included in the construction certificate documentation.
49. A demolition and construction Waste Management Plan (WMP) must be developed and implemented for the development, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority, **prior to the commencement of works.**

The Waste Management Plan must provide details of the type and quantities of demolition and construction waste materials, proposed re-use and recycling of materials, methods of disposal and details of recycling outlets and land fill sites.

Where practicable waste materials must be re-used or recycled, rather than disposed and further details of Council's requirements including relevant guidelines and pro-forma WMP forms can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre or by telephoning Council on 9399 0999.

Details and receipts verifying the recycling and disposal of materials must be kept on site at all times and presented to Council officers upon request.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for access, transport and infrastructure:**

50. Prior to the issuing of a Final Occupation Certificate the applicant is required to meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to adjust the existing vehicular crossing and layback, if required.
51. Prior to the issuing of a Final Occupation Certificate the applicant is required to meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to replace any damaged sections of Council footpath along the site frontage.
52. All civil works are to be in accordance with Australian Standard specifications for driveways, and in general accordance with Randwick City Council's 'Standard Kerb and Gutter and Vehicular Crossing Detail' (Drawing SD4).

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for future civil works in the road reserve:**

53. The Council's Development Engineer has inspected the above site and has determined that the design alignment level (concrete/paved/tiled level) at the property boundary for driveways, access ramps and pathways or the like, must match the back of the existing footpath along the full site frontage.
54. The design alignment levels (concrete/paved/tiled level) issued by Council and their relationship to the footpath must be indicated on the building plans for the construction certificate.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate consideration for service authority assets:**

55. A public utility impact assessment must be carried out on all public utility services on the site, roadway, nature strip, footpath, public reserve or any public areas associated with and/or adjacent to the development/building works and include relevant information from public utility authorities and exploratory trenching or pot-holing, if necessary, to determine the position and level of service.
56. The applicant must meet the full cost for telecommunication companies, gas providers, Energy Australia and Sydney Water to adjust/repair/relocate their services as required. The applicant must make the necessary arrangements with the service authority.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for drainage and associated infrastructure: (*Note: Stormwater drainage plans have not been approved as part of this development consent.*)**

57. Detailed drainage plans shall be submitted to and approved by the certifying authority prior to the issue of a construction certificate. The drainage plans shall demonstrate compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
58. Stormwater runoff shall be discharged into the drainage system at the rear of the property. All site stormwater must be taken through a sediment/silt arrester prior to discharging into the drainage system. The sediment/silt arrester pit shall be constructed with:
  - The base of the pit located a minimum 300mm under the invert level of the outlet pipe.
  - The pit must be constructed from cast in-situ concrete, precast concrete or double brick.
  - The grate is to be a galvanised heavy-duty grate that has a provision for a child proof fastening system.
  - A minimum of 4 x 90 mm diameter weep holes located in the walls of the pit at the floor level with a suitable geotextile material with a high filtration rating located over the weep holes.
  - A galvanised heavy-duty screen located over the outlet pipe (Mascot GMS Multi-purpose filter screen or similar).
  - A child proof and corrosion resistant fastening system for the access grate (spring loaded j-bolts or similar).
  - The inlet pipeline located on the side of the pit so that the stormwater

will discharge across the face of the screen.

- A sign adjacent to this pit stating that:

"This sediment/silt arrester pit shall be regularly inspected and cleaned."

Note: Sketch details of a standard sediment/silt arrester

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for landscaping and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

59. Prior to the issue of a construction certificate, the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) will be required to ensure that the Landscape Plan prepared by Conzept Landscape Architects, drawing number LPDA09-162/1C & 2, Nov 2008, complies with the Landscaping Performance Criteria and Controls for Precinct P1, as set out in the Prince Henry Site Development Control Plan, dated 8<sup>th</sup> December 2004, **with a copy of the approved plan to be forwarded to Council if Council is not engaged as the PCA for the site.**
60. Upon completion of all site works, and prior to the issue of a final occupation certificate, documentary evidence is to be obtained from a suitably qualified professional in the horticulture/landscape industry, and is to be submitted to the PCA (as well as Council, if Council is not the PCA) which confirms that the landscaping works have been completed in accordance with the approved landscaping plans and relevant conditions of development consent.
61. That part of the nature strip upon Council's footway which is damaged during the construction of the proposed works shall be excavated to a depth of 150mm, backfilled with topsoil equivalent with 'Organic Garden Mix' as supplied by Australian Native Landscapes, and re-turfed with Kikuyu turf or similar. Such works shall be completed at the applicant's expense prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.

**Tree Protection Measures**

62. In order to ensure the retention of the two recently planted street trees within the Gubbuteh Road nature strip, to the north of the existing vehicle crossing in good health, the following measures are to be undertaken:
  - a. All detailed architectural, building, demolition, engineering (structural, stormwater & drainage, services), and landscape documentation submitted for the construction certificate application shall show their retention with the position of the trunks and full diameter of their canopies clearly shown on all drawings.
  - b. Both trees are to be physically protected by the installation of protective fencing, which is to be provided a distance of 1 metre off the outside of each of their trunks, to completely enclose both trees.
  - c. This fencing shall be installed prior to the commencement of construction works and shall remain in place until all works are completed.
  - d. Within both zones there is to be no storage of materials or machinery or site office/sheds, nor is cement to be mixed or chemicals spilt/disposed of and no stockpiling of soil or rubble.

**The following terms of approval are imposed by the NSW Heritage Office**



**under Section 91A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, as amended:**

63. All work shall comply with the following documentation:
- a) Project No. 10817, Drawing Nos.: DA01, Rev A; DA02, Rev A; DA03, Rev A; DA04, Rev A; DA05, Rev A; DA06, Rev A; DA07, Rev A; DA08, Rev A; DA09, Rev A; DA10, Rev A; DA11, Rev A; DA12, Rev A; DA13, Rev A; DA14, Rev A; DA15, Rev A; DA16, Rev A; DA17, Rev A; DA18, Rev A; DA19, Rev A; DA20, Rev A, dated 19/05/2009, prepared by MDA Architects.
  - b) Landscape Plan, Drawing Nos. LPDA 09 – 162/1C, LPDA 09 – 162/2, prepared by Conzept Landscape Architects submitted to Randwick Council 25/05/2009.
  - c) Storm Water and Drainage Plan No. 080804, drawing No. D1, 1 prepared by Jones Nicholson Pty. Ltd. Consulting Engineers, dated November 2008 submitted to Randwick Council 25 May 2009.
  - d) Heritage Impact Statement prepared by MDA Architects submitted to Randwick Council 25/05/2009.
  - e) Statement of Environmental Effects prepared and submitted to Randwick Council 25/05/2009.

EXCEPT AS AMENDED by the following conditions of this consent:

**(Council's Advisory Note: Specific conditions relating to storm water management have been included in this Consent. The submitted drainage plans may not be able to achieve compliance with Council's conditions)**

64. Should Aboriginal objects be found, the Department of Environment and Climate Change (DECC) is to be informed (as required by the provisions of the NSW National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974). Subject to an assessment of the extent, integrity and significance of any exposed objects, applications under either Section 87 or Section 90 of the National Parks and Wildlife Act may be required before work resumes.
65. If any relics of State significance are uncovered, further excavation must stop and the Heritage Branch notified immediately. Further approval will need to be obtained from the NSW Heritage Council as changes to the design and scope of the proposed works may be required depending upon the significance of the relics found.
66. Suitable clauses are to be included in all contractor and subcontractor contracts to ensure that on-site personnel are aware of their obligations and requirements in relation to the relics provisions of the Heritage Act.
67. An application under Section 60 of the NSW Heritage Act is to be submitted for approval by the Heritage Branch prior to work commencing.

**ADVISORY MATTERS:**

- A1 Building or excavations works must not be commenced until a construction certificate has been obtained from Council's Building Certification Services or an Accredited Certifier and either Council's Building Certification Services or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) for this development.

Failure to obtain a Construction Certificate and appoint a PCA before commencing works is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

- A2 A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-
- Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
  - Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
  - Placement of a waste skip or any other container or article.
- A3 The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.

**MOTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY - SEE RESOLUTION.**

**D51/09 Development Application Report - 3/107 Arden Street, Coogee (DA/124/2009)**

PL71/09

**RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) -**

- A. That Council support the objections under State Environmental Planning No. 1 (SEPP No.1) in respect to non-compliance with Clause of the Randwick Local Environmental Plan 1988, relating to Floor Space Ratio and External Wall Height, on the grounds that the proposed development is consistent with the objective of the clause and will not adversely affect the amenity of the surrounding locality and that the Department of Planning be advised accordingly.
- B. That Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent under Section 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) to Development Application No. DA/124/2009 for permission to carry out alteration and additions to the rear of the existing top floor unit (SEPP 1 objection to Floor Space Ratio and Maximum Building Height controls) at 3/107 Arden Street, Coogee, subject to the following conditions:

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the plans numbered DA01 – DA03, Issue A, dated 08.09.2008, received by Council on 2<sup>nd</sup> March 2009, and DA04 – DA07, Issue B, dated 08.09.2008 and received by Council on 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2009, the application form and on any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans:
2. The colours, materials and finishes of the external surfaces to the additions are to be compatible with the existing residential flat building and adjacent development to maintain the integrity and amenity of the building and the streetscape.

Details of the proposed colours, materials and textures (i.e. a schedule and brochure/s or sample board) are to be submitted to and approved by Council's

Director of City Planning, in accordance with section 80A (2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* prior to a construction certificate being issued for the relevant building works.

**The following conditions are imposed to promote ecologically sustainable development and energy efficiency.**

3. In accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, a relevant BASIX Certificate and associated documentation must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the **Construction Certificate** application for this development.

The required commitments listed and identified in the BASIX Certificate are to be included on the plans, specifications and associated documentation for the proposed development, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

The design of the building must not be inconsistent with the development consent and any proposed variations to the building to achieve the BASIX commitments may necessitate a new development consent or amendment to the existing consent to be obtained, prior to a construction certificate being issued.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and Regulations and to provide for reasonable levels of safety and amenity:**

4. The requirements and provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of 'on-the-spot' penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

5. All new building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the **Building Code of Australia** (BCA), in accordance with Clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

6. **Prior to the commencement of any building works, a construction certificate must be obtained** from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment

7. **Prior to the commencement of any building or fire safety works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:
  - i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work, and
  - ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing, and
  - iii) notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*, and
  - iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons

intention to commence building works.

In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the Home Building Act 1989.

8. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 162A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected in accordance with section 81A (2) (b1) (ii) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

Documentary evidence of the building inspections carried out and details of compliance with Council's consent is to be maintained by the *Principal Certifying Authority*. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

The *principal contractor* or must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's* "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections", are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works.

9. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
  - name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours,
  - name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying Authority*,
  - a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".
10. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority prior to any occupation of the building work encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

11. **Prior to the issuing of an interim or final occupation certificate, a**

statement is required to be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority, which confirms that the development is not inconsistent with the development consent and the relevant conditions of development consent have been satisfied.

Details of *critical stage* inspections carried out by the principal certifying authority together with any other certification relied upon and must also be provided to Council with the occupation certificate.

12. A Fire Safety Certificate must be submitted to Council **prior to the issuing of an Occupation Certificate**, in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

A single and complete *Fire Safety Certificate* must be provided which includes details of all of the fire safety measures contained in the building and as detailed in the *fire safety schedule* attached to the Construction Certificate.

Prior to issuing any Occupation Certificate the Principal Certifying Authority must be satisfied that all of the relevant fire safety measures have been included and are sufficiently detailed within the *Fire safety Certificate*.

A copy of the *fire safety certificate* must be displayed in the building near the entrance and a copy must be forwarded to the NSW Fire Brigades.

13. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate, in accordance with Section 109F of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

*At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.*

14. All building, plumbing and drainage work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.

The approved Construction Certificate plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre prior to commencing any building or excavation works, to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if any further requirements need to be met.

If suitable, the plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to Sydney Water's web site at [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) and go to the Building, Developing and Plumbing, then Quick Check or Building and Renovating or telephone 13 20 92.

The principal certifying authority must ensure that a Quick Check Agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans **before commencing any works**.

### ***Structural adequacy***

15. A Certificate prepared by a *professional engineer* shall be submitted to the certifying authority (*and the Council, if the Council is not the certifying authority*) **prior to issuing a construction certificate**, which certifies that the structural adequacy of the existing building to support the new work.

### ***Construction site management***

16. Demolition work and the removal, storage, handling and disposal of building materials must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements (as applicable):
- Australian Standard 2601 (2001) – Demolition of Structures
  - Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000
  - Occupational Health and Safety (Hazardous Substances) Regulation 2001
  - Occupational Health and Safety (Asbestos Removal Work) Regulation 2001
  - WorkCover NSW Codes of Practice and Guidelines
  - The Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.
  - Randwick City Council Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)
17. In accordance with Council's Asbestos Policy, the following requirements are to be satisfied if any materials containing asbestos are present in the building:
- a) Randwick City Council Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005).
- A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.*
- b) A Demolition Work Plan must be developed and implemented in accordance with Australian Standard AS2601-2001, Demolition of Structures.
- c) A WorkCover licensed demolition or asbestos removal contractor must undertake removal of more than 10m<sup>2</sup> of bonded asbestos (or as otherwise specified by WorkCover or relevant legislation). Removal of friable asbestos material must only be undertaken by contractor that holds a current friable asbestos removal licence.
- d) Asbestos waste must be stored, transported and disposed of in compliance with the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.
- e) Asbestos waste must be disposed of at an approved waste disposal depot (refer to the DEC or Waste Service NSW for details of sites). Copies of all receipts detailing method and location of disposal must be maintained on site and be provided to Council officers upon request, as evidence of correct disposal.
- f) On demolition sites involving the removal of asbestos, a professionally manufactured sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site, containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS' and include details of the licensed contractor. The sign shall measure not less than 400mm x 300mm and the sign is to be installed prior to demolition work commencing and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos has been safely removed from the site.
- g) A certificate or Statement, prepared by a suitably qualified person (i.e. an occupational hygienist, licensed asbestos removal contractor, building consultant, architect or experienced licensed building contractor), must be provided to Council upon completion of the works (prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued), which confirms that the relevant

requirements contained in the Asbestos Survey and conditions of consent, in relation to the safe removal and disposal of asbestos, have been satisfied.

18. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and (except as detailed below) between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays.

All building, demolition and associated site works are strictly prohibited on Sundays, Public Holidays and also on Saturdays adjacent to a Public Holiday.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and loss of amenity to nearby residents.

19. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.

Noise and vibration from any rock excavation machinery and pile drivers (or the like) must be minimised by using appropriate plant and equipment and silencers and a construction noise and vibration minimisation strategy, prepared by a suitably qualified consultant is to be implemented during the works, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.

20. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition and construction works.

a) The roadway, footpath and nature strip must be maintained in a good, safe condition and free from any obstructions, materials, soils or debris at all times. Any damage caused to the road, footway or nature strip must be repaired immediately, to the satisfaction of Council.

b) A Road Opening Permit must be obtained from the Council and other relevant Authorities prior to excavating or opening-up the road or footway for services or the like.

c) Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials or construction equipment must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.

d) Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health, Building & Regulatory Services department.

e) During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by the NSW Department of Housing. Sediment and erosion control measures must be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout construction.

f) Public access to demolition/building works, materials and equipment on

the site is to be restricted and a temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

Temporary fences or hoardings or the like are to be structurally adequate, safe and be constructed in a professional manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences or hoardings must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction.

If it is proposed to locate any hoardings, site fencing or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or any public place, the written consent from Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

- g) Stockpiles of soil, sand, aggregate or other materials must not be located on any footpath, roadway, nature strip, drainage line or any public place and the stockpiles must be protected with adequate sediment control measures.
- h) Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
- i) A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities upon any part of the footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-
  - Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
  - Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
  - Placement of a waste skip, container or other article.

### **Fire safety**

21. The existing levels of fire and safety within the building are to be upgraded in accordance with the following requirements and the fire safety certificate provisions of Part 9 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 must be complied with, **prior to issuing an occupation certificate:-**
  - a) The following works are to be undertaken in accordance with the specified provisions of the Building Code of Australia (BCA), as applicable:
    - 1) Provide a -/60/30 fire door set, with a self-closing device, to the front entry of the sole-occupancy unit in accordance with clause C3.11 of the Building Code of Australia (BCA),
    - 2) Install a smoke detection and alarm system throughout Unit 3



building in accordance with specification E2.2a of the BCA,

- 3) Prior to commencing the abovementioned works, a Construction Certificate must be obtained from Council's Building Certification Services or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*.
- b) All new building works (including the proposed alterations/additions) must satisfy the relevant performance or deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the Building Code of Australia.
- c) All of the fire safety upgrading works and new building work must be detailed in the Construction Certificate for the development.

#### **ADVISORY MATTERS:**

- A1 **Building or excavations works must not be commenced until a construction certificate has been obtained from Council's Building Certification Services or an Accredited Certifier and either Council's Building Certification Services or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) for this development.**

**Failure to obtain a Construction Certificate and appoint a PCA before commencing works is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.**

- A2 A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-
- a. Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
  - b. Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
  - c. Placement of a waste skip or any other container or article.

**MOTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY - SEE RESOLUTION.**

#### **D52/09 Development Application Report - 21 Camira Street, Maroubra (DA/424/2009)**

**Having declared an interest in this matter earlier in the meeting Councillor Smith left the meeting during the debate and the vote on the matter.**

PL72/09

**RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews)** that Council as the consent authority grant development consent under Section 80 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to Development Application 424/09 for permission to erect a double carport and new fencing at 21 Camira Avenue, Maroubra, subject to the following conditions:

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the plans numbered 1 & 2 issue A, dated 1/4/09 and received by Council on the 26<sup>th</sup> June 2009, the application form and on any supporting information

received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans:

2. The colours, materials and finishes of the external surfaces to the building are to be compatible with the adjacent development to maintain the integrity and amenity of the building and the streetscape.

Details of the proposed colours, materials and textures (i.e. a schedule and brochure/s or sample board) are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Director of City Planning, in accordance with section 80A (2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* prior to a construction certificate being issued for the relevant building works.

3. There must be no encroachment of the front fence or carport onto Council's road reserve, footway, nature strip or public place.
4. The proposed front fence is to be reduced in height from 1.8m to a maximum of 1.2m and plans accompanying the Construction Certificate amended accordingly.

**The following group of conditions have been applied to ensure that adequate drainage is provided from the premises and to maintain adequate levels of health and amenity in the locality:**

5. Surface water/stormwater must be drained and discharged to the street gutter or suitably designed absorption pit, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority and details are to be included in the construction certificate application for the development.

Absorption pits must be located not less than 3m from any adjoining premises and the stormwater must not be directed or flow onto any adjoining premises or cause a nuisance.

Details of any works proposed to be carried out in or on a public road/footway are to be submitted to and approved by Council prior to commencement of works.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Regulations:**

6. The requirements and provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of 'on-the-spot' penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

7. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, a Construction Certificate must be obtained from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

8. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, it is a *prescribed condition* that all building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (Building Code of Australia).
9. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:
- i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work; and
  - ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work, or in relation to residential building work, obtain an *owner-builder* permit in accordance with the requirements of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing; and
  - iii) unless the person having the benefit of the consent is the *principal contractor* (i.e. *owner-builder*), notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*; and
  - iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence building works.

In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

10. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 162A of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

The *principal contractor* or *owner-builder* (as applicable) must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's* "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections", are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

11. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
- name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours, or *owner-builder* permit details (as applicable);
  - name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying*

*Authority*; and

- a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".

12. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to any occupation of the building work** encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The requirements of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

13. All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely in accordance with appropriate professional standards and excavations are to be properly guarded and supported to prevent them from being dangerous to life, property or buildings.
14. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays and all building activities are strictly prohibited on Sundays and Public Holidays.
15. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.
16. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied, to the satisfaction of Council.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or public place, the written consent from Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

17. A Construction Site Management Plan is to be developed and implemented **prior to the commencement of any works**. The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:

- location and construction of protective fencing/hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
- location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
- location of building materials for construction;
- provisions for public safety;
- dust control measures;
- site access location and construction
- details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- protective measures for tree preservation;
- provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
- details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
- construction noise and vibration management;
- construction traffic management details.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain reasonable levels of public health, safety and amenity to the satisfaction of Council. A copy of the Construction Site Management Plan must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council. A copy must also be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

18. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by Landcom, to the satisfaction of Council.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the Construction Site Management Plan which must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority or Council **prior to the commencement of any site works.**

19. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:
- a. Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other activities must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.
  - a. Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
  - b. Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health Building and Regulatory Services section.
  - c. Any part of Council's road, footway or nature strip which is damaged as a result of the work must be repaired or replaced to Council's satisfaction.

*The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for access,*

*transport and infrastructure:*

20. Prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate the applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to:
  - a) Reconstruct concrete vehicular crossing and layback at kerb opposite the vehicular entrance to the site.
  - a) Remove any redundant layback and replace with integral kerb and gutter to council's specifications.

**NOTE:**

The vehicle crossing shall be 3.3m wide and centrally located in relation to the carport to ensure car access to the two carspaces complies with Australian Standard 2890.1:2004. A minimum setback of 300mm to the telegraph pole must also be maintained. Plans submitted for the construction certificate must demonstrate compliance with these requirements.

21. The applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to repair/replace any damaged sections of Council's footpath, kerb & gutter, nature strip etc which are due to building works being carried out at the above site. This includes the removal of cement slurry from Council's footpath and roadway.
22. The applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to repair/replace any damaged sections of Council's footpath, kerb & gutter, nature strip etc which are due to building works being carried out at the above site. This includes the removal of cement slurry from Council's footpath and roadway.
23. The applicant shall note that all external work, carried out on Council property, shall be in accordance with Council's Policy for "Vehicular Access and Road and Drainage Works". An application for the cost of the Council civil works is to be submitted to Council at the completion of the internal building works. An application fee shall be payable to Council for the quotation of the required works. The applicant may elect to use his contractor for the required works, subject to Council approval, however a design and supervision fee based on the lowest quotation from Council's nominated contractor will be required to be paid prior to the commencement of any works.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for future civil works in the road reserve:**

24. The Council's Development Engineer has inspected the above site and has determined that the design alignment level at the property boundary for driveways, access ramps and pathways or the like, must match the existing internal driveway.
25. The design alignment levels (concrete/paved/tiled level) issued by Council and their relationship to the driveway must be indicated on the building plans for the construction certificate. The design alignment level at the street boundary, as issued by the Council, must be strictly adhered to.
26. The above alignment levels and the site inspection by Council's Development Engineering Section have been issued at a prescribed fee of \$121(inclusive of GST). This amount is to be paid prior to a construction certificate being issued for the development.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate consideration f**

**service authority assets:**

27. A public utility impact assessment must be carried out on all public utility services on the site, roadway, nature strip, footpath, public reserve or any public areas associated with and/or adjacent to the development/building works and include relevant information from public utility authorities and exploratory trenching or pot-holing, if necessary, to determine the position and level of service.
28. The applicant must meet the full cost for telecommunication companies, gas providers, Energy Australia and Sydney Water to adjust/repair/relocate their services as required. The applicant must make the necessary arrangements with the service authority.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for drainage and associated infrastructure:**

29. Stormwater runoff from the carport shall be discharged to the kerb and gutter in Camira Street by gravity (without the use of a charged system).

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for landscaping and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

30. That part of the nature-strip upon Council's footway which is damaged during the construction of the proposed works shall be excavated to a depth of 150mm, backfilled with topsoil equivalent with 'Organic Garden Mix' as supplied by Australian Native Landscapes, and re-turfed with Kikuyu Turf or similar. Such works shall be installed prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.

**ADVISORY MATTERS:**

A1 Demolition, building or excavation work must not be commenced until;

- A Construction Certificate has been obtained from Council or an Accredited Certifier
- Council or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority for the development
- Council and the Principal Certifying Authority have been given at least 2 days notice (in writing) prior to commencing any works.

Failure to comply with these important requirements is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. Alternatively, Council may issue a penalty infringement notice (for up to \$1,500) for each offence.

A2 A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-

- Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
- Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
- Placement of a waste skip (greater than 3m in length) or any container or other article.

A3 Specific details of the location of the building/s should be provided in the Construction Certificate to demonstrate that the proposed building work will not encroach onto the adjoining properties, Council's road reserve or any public place, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

A4 The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.

(Note: The reasons for overturning the officer's recommendation are that the proposed carport and fence substantially comply with the requirements of the DCP for Dwellings and Attached Dual Occupancies)

**PROCEDURAL MOTION: (Andrews/Matthews)** that the motion be now put. **LOST.**

**AMENDMENT: (Matson/Tracey)** that the application be deferred to enable amended plans to be submitted that provide for a single (rather than double) carport that complies with the 35% maximum width requirements. **LOST**

A **DIVISION** was taken and the names of the Councillors voting FOR and AGAINST were as follows:

<b>FOR</b>	<b>AGAINST</b>
Councillor Hughes	Councillor Andrews
Councillor Matson	Councillor Belleli
Councillor Tracey	Councillor Bowen
	Councillor Matthews
	Councillor Nash
	Councillor Notley-Smith
	Councillor Procopiadis
	Councillor Seng
	Councillor White
	Councillor Woodsmith
<b>Total (3)</b>	<b>Total (10)</b>

**MOTION: (B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED - SEE RESOLUTION.**

A **DIVISION** was taken and the names of the Councillors voting FOR and AGAINST were as follows:

<b>FOR</b>	<b>AGAINST</b>
Councillor Andrews	Councillor Hughes
Councillor Belleli	Councillor Matson
Councillor Bowen	Councillor Woodsmith
Councillor Matthews	
Councillor Nash	
Councillor Notley-Smith	
Councillor Procopiadis	
Councillor Seng	
Councillor Tracey	
Councillor White	
<b>Total (10)</b>	<b>Total (3)</b>

**D53/09 Development Application Report - 6/29 Melrose Parade, Clovelly (DA/442/2009)**

PL73/09

**RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) -**

A. That Council support the objections under State Environmental Planning No. 1



(SEPP No.1) in respect to non-compliance with Clause 32 of the Randwick Local Environmental Plan 1988, relating to Floor Space Ratio, on the grounds that the proposed development is consistent with the objective of the clause and will not adversely affect the amenity of the surrounding locality and that the Department of Planning be advised accordingly.

- B. That Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent under Section 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) to Development Application No. DA/442/2009 for permission to enclose the balcony to dwelling no. 6/29 Melrose Parade, Clovelly (SEPP 1 objection to Floor Space Ratio and Maximum Building Height controls) subject to the following conditions:
1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the plans numbered 0902/DA-01 & 0902/DA-02 Issue A, dated June 2009 and received by Council on the 3<sup>rd</sup> July 2009, the application form and on any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans:
  2. The colours, materials and finishes of the balcony enclosure are to be consistent with the other existing balcony enclosures to the building.

Details of the proposed colours, materials and textures (i.e. a schedule and brochure/s or sample board) are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Director of City Planning, in accordance with section 80A (2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* prior to a construction certificate being issued for the relevant building works.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Regulations:**

3. The requirements and provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of 'on-the-spot' penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

4. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, a Construction Certificate must be obtained from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

5. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, it is a *prescribed condition* that all building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (Building Code of Australia).
6. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:

- i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work; and
- ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work, or in relation to residential building work, obtain an *owner-builder* permit in accordance with the requirements of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing; and
- iii) unless the person having the benefit of the consent is the *principal contractor* (i.e. *owner-builder*), notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*; and
- iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence building works.

In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

7. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 162A of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

The *principal contractor* or *owner-builder* (as applicable) must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's* "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections", are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

8. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
  - name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours, or *owner-builder* permit details (as applicable);
  - name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying Authority*; and
  - a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".
9. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, the requirements of the *Home Building Act 1989*

must be complied with.

Details of the Licensed Building Contractor (and a copy of the relevant Certificate of Insurance) or a copy of the Owner-Builder Permit (as applicable) must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council, in writing, **prior to commencement of works.**

10. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986*, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, **prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate**, in accordance with Section 109F of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*.

*At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.*

11. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to any occupation of the building work** encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The requirements of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

12. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays and all building activities are strictly prohibited on Sundays and Public Holidays.
13. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.
14. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied, to the satisfaction of Council.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or public place, the written consent from

Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

15. A Construction Site Management Plan is to be developed and implemented **prior to the commencement of any works**. The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:

- location and construction of protective fencing/hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
- location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
- location of building materials for construction;
- provisions for public safety;
- dust control measures;
- site access location and construction
- details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- protective measures for tree preservation;
- provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
- details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
- construction noise and vibration management;
- construction traffic management details.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain reasonable levels of public health, safety and amenity to the satisfaction of Council. A copy of the Construction Site Management Plan must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council. A copy must also be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

16. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by Landcom, to the satisfaction of Council.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the Construction Site Management Plan which must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority or Council **prior to the commencement of any site works**.

17. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:

- a. Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other activities must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.
- b. Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
- c. Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health Building and Regulatory Services

section.

- d. Any part of Council's road, footway or nature strip which is damaged as a result of the work must be repaired or replaced to Council's satisfaction.

**ADVISORY MATTERS:**

A1 Demolition, building or excavation work must not be commenced until;

- A Construction Certificate has been obtained from Council or an Accredited Certifier
- Council or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority for the development
- Council and the Principal Certifying Authority have been given at least 2 days notice (in writing) prior to commencing any works.

Failure to comply with these important requirements is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. Alternatively, Council may issue a penalty infringement notice (for up to \$1,500) for each offence.

A1 A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-

- Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
- Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
- Placement of a waste skip (greater than 3m in length) or any container or other article.

A2 Specific details of the location of the building/s should be provided in the Construction Certificate to demonstrate that the proposed building work will not encroach onto the adjoining properties, Council's road reserve or any public place, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

**MOTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY - SEE RESOLUTION.**

**D54/09 Development Application Report - 2A Eyre Street, Chifley  
(DA/452/2009)**

PL74/09

**RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews)** that Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent under Section 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) to Development Application No. DA/452/2009 for permission to construct an attic/store upper level above existing garage at 2A Eyre Street, Chifley, subject to the following conditions:

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the plans numbered 35/09, dated 19 June 2009 and received by Council on 8 July 2009, the application form and on any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans:

2. The colours, materials and finishes of the external surfaces to the building are to be compatible with the adjacent development to maintain the integrity and amenity of the building and the streetscape.

Details of the proposed colours, materials and textures (i.e. a schedule and brochure/s or sample board) are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Director of City Planning, in accordance with section 80A (2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* prior to a construction certificate being issued for the relevant building works.

3. Details are to be provided in the Construction Certificate to demonstrate that the proposed works will not encroach onto the adjoining properties, Council's road reserve or any public place.
4. The sill height of the window to the dormer must be increased to be a minimum height of 1.5m above floor level, or alternatively, the window is to be fixed and provided with translucent, obscured, frosted or sandblasted glazing below 1.5m above floor level.
5. There must be no encroachment of the structures or associated articles onto Council's road reserve, footway, nature strip or public place.
6. The upper level attic/storage must only be used for the purposes specified in the development consent and the garage, outbuilding, and upper level attic/storage room shall not be let, adapted or used for separate residential occupation or commercial purposes at any time.

**The following condition is imposed to satisfy relevant requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.**

7. All building, plumbing and drainage work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.

The approved Construction Certificate plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre prior to commencing any building or excavation works, to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if any further requirements need to be met.

If suitable, the plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to Sydney Water's web site at [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) and go to the Building, Developing and Plumbing, then Quick Check or Building and Renovating or telephone 13 20 92.

The principal certifying authority must ensure that a Quick Check Agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans **before commencing any works.**

**The following group of conditions have been applied to ensure that adequate drainage is provided from the premises and to maintain adequate levels of health and amenity in the locality:**

8. Surface water/stormwater must be drained and discharged to the street gutter or suitably designed absorption pit, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority and details are to be included in the construction certificate application for the development.

Absorption pits must be located not less than 3m from any adjoining premises and the stormwater must not be directed or flow onto any adjoining premises or cause a nuisance.

Details of any works proposed to be carried out in or on a public road/footway are to be submitted to and approved by Council prior to commencement of works.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Regulations:**

9. The requirements and provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of `on-the-spot` penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

10. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, a Construction Certificate must be obtained from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

11. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, it is a *prescribed condition* that all building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (Building Code of Australia).

12. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:

- i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work; and
- ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work, or in relation to residential building work, obtain an *owner-builder* permit in accordance with the requirements of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing; and
- iii) unless the person having the benefit of the consent is the *principal contractor* (i.e. *owner-builder*), notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*; and
- iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence building works.

In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

13. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 162A of the *Environmental Planning &*

*Assessment Regulation 2000*, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

The *principal contractor* or *owner-builder* (as applicable) must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's* "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections", are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

14. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
- name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours, or *owner-builder* permit details (as applicable);
  - name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying Authority*; and
  - a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".
15. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, the requirements of the *Home Building Act 1989* must be complied with.

Details of the Licensed Building Contractor (and a copy of the relevant Certificate of Insurance) or a copy of the Owner-Builder Permit (as applicable) must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council, in writing, **prior to commencement of works**.

16. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986*, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, **prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate**, in accordance with Section 109F of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*.

*At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.*

17. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to any occupation of the building work** encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the



development is inconsistent with the development consent. The requirements of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

18. Smoke alarms are required to be installed in each Class 1 building or residential dwelling in accordance with the relevant provisions of Part 3.7.2 of the B.C.A. – Housing Provisions.

Smoke alarms must comply with AS3786 – Smoke alarms and be connected to the consumer mains electric power supply and provided with a battery back-up.

Details of compliance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia must be included in the plans/specification for the **construction certificate**.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

19. Certificate of Adequacy supplied by a *professional engineer* shall be submitted to the certifying authority (*and the Council, if the Council is not the certifying authority*) **prior to a construction certificate being issued** for the development, certifying the structural adequacy of the existing structure to support the additional storey/upper floor addition.
20. The demolition of buildings and the removal, storage, handling and disposal of building materials must be carried out in accordance with the relevant requirements of WorkCover NSW, the NSW Department of Environment & Climate Change (formerly EPA) and Randwick City Council policies, including:
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 & Regulations
  - WorkCover NSW Guidelines & Codes of Practice
  - Australian Standard 2601 (2001) – Demolition of Structures
  - The Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005
  - Relevant DECC/EPA Guidelines
  - Randwick City Council Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)

*A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.*

21. A Demolition Work Plan must be prepared for the development in accordance with Australian Standard AS2601-2001, Demolition of Structures.

The Demolition Work Plan must include the following information (as applicable):

- The name, address, contact details and licence number of the Demolisher /Asbestos Removal Contractor
- Details of hazardous materials (including asbestos)
- Method/s of demolition (including removal of any asbestos)
- Measures and processes to be implemented to ensure the health & safety of workers and community
- Measures to be implemented to minimise any airborne dust and asbestos
- Methods and location of disposal of any hazardous materials
- Other relevant details, measures and requirements to be implemented
- Date the demolition works will commence

The Demolition Work Plan must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA), not less than two (2) working days before commencing any demolition work. A copy of the Demolition Work Plan must be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

If the work involves asbestos products or materials, a copy of the Demolition Work Plan must be provided to Council, not less than 2 days before commencing such works.

**Note** *it is the responsibility of the persons undertaking demolition work to obtain the relevant WorkCover licences and permits.*

22. Any work involving the demolition, storage or disposal of asbestos products and materials must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements:

- Relevant Occupational Health & Safety legislation and WorkCover NSW requirements
- Randwick City Council's Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)
- A WorkCover licensed demolition or asbestos removal contractor must undertake removal of more than 10m<sup>2</sup> of bonded asbestos (or as otherwise specified by WorkCover or relevant legislation). Removal of friable asbestos material must only be undertaken by contractor that holds a current friable asbestos removal licence.
- On sites involving the removal of asbestos, a sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site, containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS' and include details of the licensed contractor.
- Asbestos waste must be stored, transported and disposed of in compliance with the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005*.
- A Clearance Certificate or Statement, prepared by a suitably qualified person (i.e. an occupational hygienist, licensed asbestos removal contractor, building consultant, architect or experienced licensed building contractor), must be provided to Council and the principal certifying authority immediately upon completion of the asbestos related works, which confirms that the asbestos material have been removed appropriately and the relevant conditions of consent have been satisfied.

*A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.*

23. All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely in accordance with appropriate professional standards and excavations are to be properly guarded and supported to prevent them from being dangerous to life, property or buildings.

Retaining walls, shoring or piling must be provided to support land which is excavated in association with the erection or demolition of a building, to prevent the movement of soil and to support the adjacent land and buildings, if the soil conditions require it. Adequate provisions are also to be made for drainage.

Retaining walls, shoring, or piling must be designed and installed in accordance with appropriate professional standards and the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards. Details of proposed retaining walls, shoring or piling are to be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority for the development prior to commencing such excavations or works.

24. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and clause 98 E of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000*, it is a prescribed condition that the adjoining land and buildings located upon the adjoining land must be adequately supported at all times.

- 1) If the development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the development must, at the person's own expense:
  - a) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and
  - b) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage.
- 2) The condition referred to in subclause 1) does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying.

25. A dilapidation report prepared by a professional engineer, building surveyor or other suitably qualified independent person must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to commencement** of any demolition, excavation or building works, in the following cases:

- new dwellings or additions to dwellings sited up to the property boundaries (including additions to a semi-detached dwelling),
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are proposed to be located within the *zone of influence* of the footings of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are within rock and may result in vibration and or potential damage to any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- as otherwise required by the Principal Certifying Authority.

The report (including photographs) are required to detail the current condition and status of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon the adjoining premises, which may be affected by the subject works. A copy of the dilapidation report is to be given to the owners of the premises encompassed in the report/s before commencing any works.

26. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays and all building activities are strictly prohibited on Sundays and Public Holidays.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like, is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and

loss of amenity to nearby residents.

27. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.

Noise and vibration from any rock excavation machinery, pile drivers and all plant and equipment must be minimised, by using appropriate plant and equipment, silencers and the implementation of noise management strategies.

A construction noise and vibration minimisation strategy, prepared by a suitably qualified person is to be implemented throughout the works, to the satisfaction of the Council. A copy of the strategy must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council **prior to the commencement of site works.**

28. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied, to the satisfaction of Council.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or public place, the written consent from Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

29. A Construction Site Management Plan is to be developed and implemented **prior to the commencement of any works.** The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:

- location and construction of protective fencing / hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
- location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
- location of building materials for construction;
- provisions for public safety;
- dust control measures;
- site access location and construction
- details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- protective measures for tree preservation;
- provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
- details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
- construction noise and vibration management;
- construction traffic management details.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain reasonable levels of public health, safety and amenity to the satisfaction of Council. A copy of the Construction Site Management Plan must

be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council. A copy must also be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

30. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by Landcom, to the satisfaction of Council.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the Construction Site Management Plan which must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority or Council **prior to the commencement of any site works.**

31. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:
- a. Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other activities must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.
  - b. Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
  - c. Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health Building and Regulatory Services section.
  - d. Any part of Council's road, footway or nature strip which is damaged as a result of the work must be repaired or replaced to Council's satisfaction.

#### **ADVISORY MATTERS:**

- A1 Demolition, building or excavation work must not be commenced until;
- A Construction Certificate has been obtained from Council or an Accredited Certifier
  - Council or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority for the development
  - Council and the Principal Certifying Authority have been given at least 2 days notice (in writing) prior to commencing any works.

Failure to comply with these important requirements is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. Alternatively, Council may issue a penalty infringement notice (for up to \$1,500) for each offence.

- A2 A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-

- Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
- Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
- Placement of a waste skip (greater than 3m in length) or any container or other article.

A3 Specific details of the location of the building/s should be provided in the Construction Certificate to demonstrate that the proposed building work will not encroach onto the adjoining properties, Council's road reserve or any public place, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

**MOTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY - SEE RESOLUTION.**

**D55/09 Development Application Report - 17 Bream Street, Coogee  
(DA/408/2009)**

PL75/09

**RESOLUTION: (Tracey/White)** that Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent under Section 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) to Development Application No. DA/408/2009Erection of new brick and concrete double garage at the front of existing dwelling house with trafficable terrace above at 17 Bream Street, Coogee, subject to the following conditions:

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the plans numbered 43/09 inclusive of Sheet 1 of 3 to sheet 3 of 3 and sheet A, dated 28 May 2009 and received by Council on 23 June 2009, the application form and on any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans.
2. The total height of the proposed double garage with planter box above shall be reduced by 200mm. The plans submitted for the construction certificate shall demonstrate compliance with this requirement.
3. The colours, materials and finishes of the external surfaces to the building are to be compatible with the adjacent development to maintain the integrity and amenity of the building and the streetscape.

Details of the proposed colours, materials and textures (i.e. a schedule and brochure/s or sample board) are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Director of City Planning, in accordance with section 80A (2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 prior to a construction certificate being issued for the relevant building works.

4. There must be no encroachment of the structure/s or associated articles onto Council's road reserve, footway, nature strip or public place.
5. Details are to be provided in the Construction Certificate to demonstrate that the proposed works will not encroach onto the adjoining properties, Council's road reserve or any public place.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for access, transport and infrastructure:**

6. Prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate the applicant must meet the full

cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to:

- i) Construct concrete vehicular crossing and layback at kerb opposite the vehicular entrance to the site.
7. The applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to repair/replace any damaged sections of Council's footpath, kerb & gutter, nature strip etc which are due to building works being carried out at the above site. This includes the removal of cement slurry from Council's footpath and roadway.
8. The applicant shall note that all external work, carried out on Council property, shall be in accordance with Council's Policy for "Vehicular Access and Road and Drainage Works". An application for the cost of the Council civil works is to be submitted to Council at the completion of the internal building works. An application fee shall be payable to Council for the quotation of the required works. The applicant may elect to use his contractor for the required works, subject to Council approval, however a design and supervision fee based on the lowest quotation from Council's nominated contractor will be required to be paid prior to the commencement of any works.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for future civil works in the road reserve:**

9. The Council's Development Engineer has inspected the above site and has determined that the design alignment level at the property boundary for driveways, access ramps and pathways or the like, must match the back of the existing footpath along the full site frontage.
10. The design alignment levels (concrete/paved/tiled level) issued by Council and their relationship to the footpath must be indicated on the building plans for the construction certificate. The design alignment level at the street boundary, as issued by the Council, must be strictly adhered to.
11. The above alignment levels and the site inspection by Council's Development Engineering Section have been issued at a prescribed fee of \$121(inclusive of GST). This amount is to be paid prior to a construction certificate being issued for the development.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate consideration for service authority assets:**

12. A public utility impact assessment must be carried out on all public utility services on the site, roadway, nature strip, footpath, public reserve or any public areas associated with and/or adjacent to the development/building works and include relevant information from public utility authorities and exploratory trenching or pot-holing, if necessary, to determine the position and level of service.
13. The applicant must meet the full cost for telecommunication companies, gas providers, Energy Australia and Sydney Water to adjust/repair/relocate their services as required. The applicant must make the necessary arrangements with the service authority.

**The following condition is imposed to satisfy relevant requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.**

14. All building, plumbing and drainage work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.

The approved Construction Certificate plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre prior to commencing any building or excavation works, to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if any further requirements need to be met.

If suitable, the plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to Sydney Water's web site at [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) and go to the Building, Developing and Plumbing, then Quick Check or Building and Renovating or telephone 13 20 92.

The principal certifying authority must ensure that a Quick Check Agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans before commencing any works.

**The following group of conditions have been applied to ensure that adequate drainage is provided from the premises and to maintain adequate levels of health and amenity in the locality:**

15. Surface water/stormwater must be drained and discharged to the street gutter or suitably designed absorption pit, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority and details are to be included in the construction certificate application for the development.

Absorption pits must be located not less than 3m from any adjoining premises and the stormwater must not be directed or flow onto any adjoining premises or cause a nuisance.

Details of any works proposed to be carried out in or on a public road/footway are to be submitted to and approved by Council prior to commencement of works.

16. External paths and ground surfaces are to be constructed at appropriate levels and be graded and drained away from the building and adjoining premises, so as not to result in the entry of water into the building, or cause a nuisance or damage to the adjoining premises.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Regulations:**

17. The requirements and provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of 'on-the-spot' penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

18. Prior to the commencement of any building works, a Construction Certificate must be obtained from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

19. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 98 of the Environmental Planning &



Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a prescribed condition that all building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (Building Code of Australia).

20. Prior to the commencement of any building works, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:
- i) appoint a Principal Certifying Authority for the building work; and
  - ii) appoint a principal contractor for the building work, or in relation to residential building work, obtain an owner-builder permit in accordance with the requirements of the Home Building Act 1989, and notify the Principal Certifying Authority and Council accordingly in writing; and
  - iii) unless the person having the benefit of the consent is the principal contractor (i.e. owner-builder), notify the principal contractor of the required critical stage inspections and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the Principal Certifying Authority; and
  - iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence building works.

In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the Home Building Act 1989.

21. The building works must be inspected by the Principal Certifying Authority (or another certifying authority if the Principal Certifying Authority agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 162A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The Principal Certifying Authority must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

The principal contractor or owner-builder (as applicable) must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the Principal Certifying Authority's "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections", are carried out to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the Principal Certifying Authority, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works. Details of critical stage inspections carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the occupation certificate.

22. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
- name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the principal contractor, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours, or owner-builder permit details (as applicable);
  - name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority; and
  - a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".

23. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 98 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, the requirements of the Home Building Act 1989 must be complied with.

Details of the Licensed Building Contractor (and a copy of the relevant Certificate of Insurance) or a copy of the Owner-Builder Permit (as applicable) must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council, in writing, prior to commencement of works.

24. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate, in accordance with Section 109F of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.

25. An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority prior to any occupation of the building work encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

26. The demolition of buildings and the removal, storage, handling and disposal of building materials must be carried out in accordance with the relevant requirements of WorkCover NSW, the NSW Department of Environment & Climate Change (formerly EPA) and Randwick City Council policies, including:

- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 & Regulations
- WorkCover NSW Guidelines & Codes of Practice
- Australian Standard 2601 (2001) – Demolition of Structures
- The Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005
- Relevant DECC/EPA Guidelines
- Randwick City Council Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)

A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.

27. A Demolition Work Plan must be prepared for the development in accordance with Australian Standard AS2601-2001, Demolition of Structures.

The Demolition Work Plan must include the following information (as applicable):

- The name, address, contact details and licence number of the Demolisher /Asbestos Removal Contractor

- Details of hazardous materials (including asbestos)
- Method/s of demolition (including removal of any asbestos)
- Measures and processes to be implemented to ensure the health & safety of workers and community
- Measures to be implemented to minimise any airborne dust and asbestos
- Methods and location of disposal of any hazardous materials
- Other relevant details, measures and requirements to be implemented
- Date the demolition works will commence

The Demolition Work Plan must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA), not less than two (2) working days before commencing any demolition work. A copy of the Demolition Work Plan must be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

If the work involves asbestos products or materials, a copy of the Demolition Work Plan must be provided to Council, not less than 2 days before commencing such works.

Note it is the responsibility of the persons undertaking demolition work to obtain the relevant WorkCover licences and permits.

28. Any work involving the demolition, storage or disposal of asbestos products and materials must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements:

- Relevant Occupational Health & Safety legislation and WorkCover NSW requirements
- Randwick City Council's Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)
- A WorkCover licensed demolition or asbestos removal contractor must undertake removal of more than 10m<sup>2</sup> of bonded asbestos (or as otherwise specified by WorkCover or relevant legislation). Removal of friable asbestos material must only be undertaken by contractor that holds a current friable asbestos removal licence.
- On sites involving the removal of asbestos, a sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site, containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS' and include details of the licensed contractor.
- Asbestos waste must be stored, transported and disposed of in compliance with the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005.
- A Clearance Certificate or Statement, prepared by a suitably qualified person (i.e. an occupational hygienist, licensed asbestos removal contractor, building consultant, architect or experienced licensed building contractor), must be provided to Council and the principal certifying authority immediately upon completion of the asbestos related works, which confirms that the asbestos material have been removed appropriately and the relevant conditions of consent have been satisfied.

A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.

29. All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely in accordance with appropriate professional standards and excavations are to be properly guarded and supported to prevent

them from being dangerous to life, property or buildings.

Retaining walls, shoring or piling must be provided to support land which is excavated in association with the erection or demolition of a building, to prevent the movement of soil and to support the adjacent land and buildings, if the soil conditions require it. Adequate provisions are also to be made for drainage.

Retaining walls, shoring, or piling must be designed and installed in accordance with appropriate professional standards and the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards. Details of proposed retaining walls, shoring or piling are to be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority for the development prior to commencing such excavations or works.

30. In accordance with section 80 A (11) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 98 E of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a prescribed condition that the adjoining land and buildings located upon the adjoining land must be adequately supported at all times.

- 1) If the development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the development must, at the person's own expense:
  - a) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and
  - b) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage.
- 2) The condition referred to in subclause 1) does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying.

31. A dilapidation report prepared by a professional engineer, building surveyor or other suitably qualified independent person must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works, in the following cases:

- new dwellings or additions to dwellings sited up to the property boundaries (including additions to a semi-detached dwelling),
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are proposed to be located within the zone of influence of the footings of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are within rock and may result in vibration and or potential damage to any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- as otherwise required by the Principal Certifying Authority.

The report (including photographs) are required to detail the current condition and status of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon the adjoining premises, which may be affected by the subject works. A copy of the dilapidation report is to be given to the owners of the premises encompassed in the report/s before commencing any works.

32. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including

site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays and all building activities are strictly prohibited on Sundays and Public Holidays.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like, is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and loss of amenity to nearby residents.

33. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 must be satisfied at all times.
34. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied, to the satisfaction of Council.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or public place, the written consent from Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

35. A Construction Site Management Plan is to be developed and implemented prior to the commencement of any works. The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:
- location and construction of protective fencing/hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
  - location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
  - location of building materials for construction;
  - provisions for public safety;
  - dust control measures;
  - site access location and construction
  - details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
  - protective measures for tree preservation;
  - provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
  - location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
  - details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
  - construction noise and vibration management;
  - construction traffic management details.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain reasonable levels of public health, safety and amenity to the satisfaction of Council. A copy of the Construction Site Management Plan must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council. A copy must also be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

36. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be

controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by Landcom, to the satisfaction of Council.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the Construction Site Management Plan which must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority or Council prior to the commencement of any site works.

37. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:
- a. Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other activities must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.
  - b. Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
  - c. Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health Building and Regulatory Services section.
  - d. Any part of Council's road, footway or nature strip which is damaged as a result of the work must be repaired or replaced to Council's satisfaction.

#### **ADVISORY MATTERS:**

- A1 Demolition, building or excavation work must not be commenced until;
- A Construction Certificate has been obtained from Council or an Accredited Certifier
  - Council or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority for the development
  - Council and the Principal Certifying Authority have been given at least 2 days notice (in writing) prior to commencing any works.

Failure to comply with these important requirements is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979. Alternatively, Council may issue a penalty infringement notice (for up to \$1,500) for each offence.

- A2 A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-
- Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
  - Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
  - Placement of a waste skip (greater than 3m in length) or any container or other article.

- A3 Specific details of the location of the building/s should be provided in the

Construction Certificate to demonstrate that the proposed building work will not encroach onto the adjoining properties, Council's road reserve or any public place, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

- A4 The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.

**MOTION: (Tracey/White) CARRIED - SEE RESOLUTION.**

A **DIVISION** was taken and the names of the Councillors voting FOR and AGAINST were as follows:

<b>FOR</b>	<b>AGAINST</b>
Councillor Andrews	Councillor Woodsmith
Councillor Belleli	
Councillor Bowen	
Councillor Hughes	
Councillor Matson	
Councillor Matthews	
Councillor Nash	
Councillor Notley-Smith	
Councillor Procopiadis	
Councillor Seng	
Councillor Smith	
Councillor Tracey	
Councillor White	
<b>Total (13)</b>	<b>Total (1)</b>

**D56/09 Development Application Report - 411R-413R Clovelly Road, Clovelly (DA/16/2009)**

PL76/09

**RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews)** that Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent under Section 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) to Development Application No. DA/16/2009 for alterations to existing Clovelly Surf Life Saving Club building, construction of new storage area adjacent to existing building with paved and grassed decks above and new pathway at 411R-4113R Clovelly Road, Clovelly, (the Clovelly Surf Club) subject to the following conditions:

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the amended plans numbered A0000 DA4, A0001 DA4, A0002 DA4, A0003 DA6, A1100 DA3, A1200 DA4, A1201 DA4, A2101 and A2201, dated 5 August 2009, prepared by Artas Architects and received by Council on 6 August 2009, the application form and on any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans.

**ENVIRONMENTAL AMENITY:**

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

2. Details of the proposed colours, materials and textures (i.e. a schedule and brochure/s or sample board) are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Director of City Planning, in accordance with section 80A (2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 prior to a construction certificate being issued for the relevant building works.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for access, transport and infrastructure:**

3. Prior to the issuing of a final occupation certificate the applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to:
  - a) Construct new concrete footpaths around subject site as per the approved plans.
  - b) Remove the concrete stairs and retaining walls on the western side and immediately adjacent to the surf club.

*NOTE: The sandstone blocks that form part of the stairway structure immediately to the west of the surf club shall be removed by a qualified stonemason or equivalent to ensure they are not damaged during the removal process. The blocks shall then be stored on pallets for collection by Randwick City Council or may be reused within the proposed development.*

4. The applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to repair/replace any damaged sections of Council's footpath, kerb & gutter, nature strip etc which are due to building works being carried out at the above site. This includes the removal of cement slurry from Council's footpath and roadway.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate consideration for service authority assets:**

5. A public utility impact assessment must be carried out on all public utility services on the site, roadway, nature strip, footpath, public reserve or any public areas associated with and/or adjacent to the development/building works and include relevant information from public utility authorities and exploratory trenching or pot-holing, if necessary, to determine the position and level of service.
6. The applicant must meet the full cost for telecommunication companies, gas providers, Energy Australia and Sydney Water to adjust/repair/relocate their services as required. The applicant must make the necessary arrangements with the service authority.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for drainage and associated infrastructure:**

7. Stormwater runoff from the site shall be discharged to the existing stormwater drainage system of Clovelly Surf Club.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for landscaping and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:****Tree Management**

8. Landscape plans must be submitted to and approved by the Randwick City Council Landscape Design Section prior to a construction certificate being issued for the development site. The detailed landscape plans must include:
  - a. The provision for all grassed areas to be turfed and not seeded.
  - b. The grassed areas being provided with minimum grades to ensure maximum pedestrian access.



- c. Planting areas to be terraced where possible to minimise the use of balustrading around the perimeters of the grassed platforms, particularly on the eastern and western edges.
  - d. The reconfiguration of the waste storage area to allow for terracing of the planning beds.
  - e. The provision of a low sandstone wall along the northern edge of the grassed area (adjacent to existing club house building) and the provision of low ground cover planting between the sandstone wall and the existing club building.
  - f. All built elements, such as balustrades and fencing, are to comply with the Randwick City Council Urban Elements Design Manual.
  - g. The sandstone blocks currently forming the steps attached to the eastern elevation of the club house should be retained. The sandstone blocks should be reused on site in a suitable location with the objective of being easily viewed by the public. Their location must be approved by council prior to the commencement of any works. In the event a suitable location on site cannot be determined, the sandstone blocks will be returned to council as directed.
9. Should any of the existing *Banksia integrifolia* (Coastal Banksia's), as well as smaller *Westringia fruticosa* (Coastal Rosemary), *Lomanda longifolia* (Mat Rush) and *Carpobrotus glaucescens* (Pigface), within those existing garden beds on either side of the access stairs need to be removed, approval must be sought from the Council's Landscape Design Section, and is to be clearly shown on the construction certificate landscape plan.

### **Tree Protection Measures**

10. In order to ensure the preservation of any remaining vegetation surrounding the proposed storage shed, in good health, the following measures are to be undertaken:
- a. All construction certificate documentation must show the location of any vegetation proposed for retention or removal, with the position of their trunks and full diameter of the canopies to be clearly shown on all drawings.
  - b. Where vegetation has been identified for preservation (as per the approved Concept Landscape Plan), all plans must show that any structures, services, footings, paving, detention tanks, stormwater infiltration systems, pipes, cutting or battering of the existing soil profile, or any excavations, will be setback a satisfactory distance from them to prevent damage to their root systems, with the required distance to be determined on-site by Council's Landscape Development Officer (9399-0613).
  - c. Such vegetation shall be physically protected by the installation of 1.8 metre high steel mesh/chainwire fencing, which shall be located so as to exclude the vegetation for the duration of the works.
  - d. This fencing shall be installed prior to the commencement of demolition and construction works and shall remain in place until all works are completed, to which signage containing the following words shall be clearly displayed and permanently attached: "TREE PROTECTION ZONE, DO NOT ENTER".

- e. Within the exclusion zone described in point 'c' above, there is to be no storage of materials or machinery or site office/sheds, nor is cement to be mixed or chemicals spilt/disposed of and no stockpiling of soil or rubble.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and Regulations:**

11. The requirements and provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of 'on-the-spot' penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

12. All building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (BCA), in accordance with Clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

13. **Prior to the commencement of any building works, a construction certificate must be obtained** from Council's Building Certification Services or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

14. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:

- i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work, and
- ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing, and
- iii) notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*, and
- iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence building works.

15. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 162A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected in accordance with section 81A (2) (b1) (ii) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 and a satisfactory

inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

Documentary evidence of the building inspections carried out and details of compliance with Council's consent is to be maintained by the *Principal Certifying Authority*. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

The *principal contractor* must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's* "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections", are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works.

16. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:

- name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours,
- name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying Authority*,
- a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".

17. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority prior to any occupation of the building work encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

18. **Prior to the issuing of an interim or final occupation certificate**, a statement is required to be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority, which confirms that the development is not inconsistent with the development consent and the relevant conditions of development consent have been satisfied.

Details of *critical stage* inspections carried out by the principal certifying authority together with any other certification relied upon must also be provided to Council with the occupation certificate.

19. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate, in accordance with Section 109F of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

*At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.*

20. All building, plumbing and drainage work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.

The approved Construction Certificate plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre prior to commencing any building or excavation works, to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if any further requirements need to be met.

If suitable, the plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to Sydney Water's web site at [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) and go to the Building, Developing and Plumbing, then Quick Check or Building and Renovating or telephone 13 20 92.

The principal certifying authority must ensure that a Quick Check Agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans **before commencing any works.**

21. A Fire Safety Certificate must be submitted to Council **prior to the issuing of an Occupation Certificate**, in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

A single and complete *Fire Safety Certificate* must be provided which includes details of all of the fire safety measures contained in the building and as detailed in the *fire safety schedule* attached to the Construction Certificate.

Prior to issuing any Occupation Certificate the Principal Certifying Authority must be satisfied that all of the relevant fire safety measures have been included and are sufficiently detailed within the *Fire safety Certificate*.

A copy of the *fire safety certificate* must be displayed in the building near the entrance and a copy must be forwarded to the NSW Fire Brigades.

**The following group of conditions have been applied to ensure the structural adequacy and integrity of the proposed building and adjacent premises:**

22. Documentary evidence prepared by a suitably qualified *professional geotechnical engineer* shall be submitted to the certifying authority **prior to the issuing of a construction certificate**, certifying the suitability and stability of the site for the proposed building and certifying the suitability and adequacy of the proposed design and construction of the building for the site.

23. A report shall be prepared by a *professional engineer* and submitted to the certifying authority **prior to the issuing of a construction certificate**, detailing the proposed methods of excavation, shoring or pile construction, including details of potential vibration emissions. The report, must demonstrate the suitability of the proposed methods of construction to overcome any potential damage to nearby land/premises.

Any practices or procedures specified in the engineer's report in relation to the avoidance or minimisation of structural damage to nearby premises, must be fully complied with and incorporated into the documentation for the **construction certificate.**

A copy of the engineers report is to be submitted to the Council, if the Council is not the certifying authority.

24. Driven type piles/shoring must not be provided unless a geotechnical engineer's report is submitted to the certifying authority, **prior to the issuing**

**of a construction certificate**, which demonstrates that damage should not occur to any adjoining premises and public place as a result of the works.

Any practices or recommendations specified in the engineer's report in relation to the avoidance or minimisation of structural damage to nearby premises or land must be fully complied with and incorporated into the documentation for the **construction certificate**.

25. The installation of ground or rock anchors underneath any adjoining premises including (a public roadway or public place) must not be carried out without specific written consent of the owners of the affected adjoining premises (including the Council if bounding a public place) and details of compliance must be provided to the certifying authority **prior to the commencement of any excavation or building works**.
26. A Certificate prepared by a *professional engineer* shall be submitted to the certifying authority (*and the Council, if the Council is not the certifying authority*) **prior to issuing an occupation certificate**, which certifies that the building works satisfy the relevant structural design requirements of the Building Code of Australia.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

27. All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely in accordance with appropriate professional standards and excavations are to be properly guarded and supported to prevent them from being dangerous to life, property or buildings.

Retaining walls, shoring or piling must be provided to support land which is excavated in association with the erection or demolition of a building, to prevent the movement of soil and to support the adjacent land and buildings, if the soil conditions require it. Adequate provisions are also to be made for drainage.

Retaining walls, shoring, or piling must be designed and installed in accordance with appropriate professional standards and the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards. Details of proposed retaining walls, shoring or piling are to be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority for the development prior to commencing such excavations or works.

28. The adjoining land and buildings located upon the adjoining land must be adequately supported at all times.

If an excavation associated with the erection or demolition of a building extends below the level of the base of the footings of any building located on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation must:

- preserve and protect the building /s on the adjoining land from damage; and
- effectively support the excavation and building; and
- at least seven (7) days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land (including a public road or public place), give notice of the intention and particulars of the works to the owner of the adjoining land.

**Notes**

- *This consent and condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any*

*adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is proposed to be carried out upon any adjoining or supported land, the principal contractor or owner-builder must obtain:*

- a) *the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or*
- b) *an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or*
- c) *an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or*
- d) *an easement under section 40 of the Land & Environment Court Act 1979, as appropriate.*

- *Section 177 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).*

29. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and (except as detailed below) between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays.

All building, demolition and associated site works are strictly prohibited on Sundays, Public Holidays and also on Saturdays adjacent to a Public Holiday.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and loss of amenity to nearby residents.

30. A report prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced consultant shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) and a copy is to be provided to Council upon commencement of works (or as may otherwise be specified by the PCA or Council), certifying that noise and vibration emissions from the construction of the development satisfies the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Council's conditions of consent and relevant Standards relating to noise and vibration. In support of the above, it is necessary to submit all relevant readings and calculations made.

Any recommendations and requirements contained in the report are to be implemented accordingly and should noise and vibration emissions not comply with the terms and conditions of consent, work must cease forthwith and is not to recommence until details of compliance are submitted to the PCA and Council.

31. A Registered Surveyor's check survey certificate or *compliance certificate* is to be forwarded to the principal certifying authority (*and a copy is to be forwarded to the Council, if the Council is not the principal certifying authority*), detailing compliance with Council's approval at the following stage/s of construction:

- a) Prior to construction of the first completed floor/floor slab (prior to pouring of concrete), showing the area of land, building and boundary setbacks and verifying that the building is being construction at the approved levels.
- b) On completion of the erection of the building showing the area of the land, the position of the building and boundary setbacks and verifying the building has been constructed at the approved levels.

32. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and

associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.

Noise and vibration from any rock excavation machinery and pile drivers (or the like) must be minimised by using appropriate plant and equipment and silencers and a construction noise and vibration minimisation strategy, prepared by a suitably qualified consultant is to be implemented during the works, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority

33. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and (except as detailed below) between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays.

All building, demolition and associated site works are strictly prohibited on Sundays, Public Holidays and also on Saturdays adjacent to a Public Holiday.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and loss of amenity to nearby residents.

34. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:
- a) The roadway, footpath and nature strip must be maintained in a good, safe condition and free from any obstructions, materials, soils or debris at all times. Any damage caused to the road, footway or nature strip must be repaired immediately, to the satisfaction of Council.
  - b) Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other materials or articles must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.
  - c) Bulk bins, waste containers or other articles must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container or other articles in a public place can be made to Council's Health, Building & Regulatory Services department.
  - d) Temporary toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site throughout the course of demolition and construction, to the satisfaction of WorkCover NSW and the toilet facilities must be connected to a public sewer or other sewage management facility approved by Council.
  - e) A temporary timber, asphalt or concrete crossing is to be provided to the site entrance across the kerb and footway area, with splayed edges, to the satisfaction of Council, unless access is via an existing concrete crossover.
  - f) The applicant/builder is required to hold Public Liability Insurance, with a minimum liability of \$10 million and a copy of the Insurance cover is to be provided to Council.

- g) A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities upon any part of the footpath, road or nature strip or in any public place:-
- Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
  - Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
  - Placement of a waste skip or any other container or article in a public place.

35. A **Construction Site Management Plan** is to be developed and implemented **prior to the commencement** of demolition, excavation or building works. The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:

- location and construction of protective fencing / hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
- location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
- location of building materials for construction;
- provisions for public safety;
- dust control measures;
- site access location and construction
- details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- protective measures for tree preservation;
- provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
- details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
- construction noise and vibration management;
- construction traffic management provisions.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain reasonable levels of public health, safety and convenience, to the satisfaction of Council. A copy of the approved Construction Site Management Plan must be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

36. During excavation and construction works, dust emissions must be minimised, so as not to result in a nuisance to nearby residents or result in a potential pollution incident.

Adequate dust control measures must be provided to the site prior to the works commencing and the measures and practices must be maintained throughout the demolition, excavation and construction process, to the satisfaction of Council.

Dust control measures and practices may include:-

- Provision of geotextile fabric to all perimeter site fencing (attached on the prevailing wind side of the site fencing).
- Covering of stockpiles of sand, soil and excavated material with adequately secured tarpaulins or plastic sheeting.
- Installation of a water sprinkling system or provision hoses or the like.
- Regular watering-down of all loose materials and stockpiles of sand, soil and excavated material.
- Minimisation/relocation of stockpiles of materials, to minimise potential for disturbance by prevailing winds.



- Revegetation of disturbed areas.

37. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by the NSW Department of Housing.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the *Site Management Plan* and must be submitted to and approved by the principal certifying authority **prior to the commencement of any site works**. The sediment and erosion control measures must be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout construction. A copy of the approved details must be forwarded to the Council and a copy is to be maintained on-site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

Details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures shall include; a site plan; indicating the slope of land, access points & access control measures, location and type of sediment & erosion controls, location of existing vegetation to be retained, location of material stockpiles and storage areas, location of building operations and equipment, methods of sediment control, details of drainage systems and details of existing and proposed vegetation.

Stockpiles of soil, sand, aggregate or other materials must not be located on any footpath, roadway, nature strip, drainage line or any public place and the stockpiles must be protected with adequate sediment control measures.

Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.

A warning sign for soil and water management must be displayed in a prominent position on the building site, visible to both the public and site workers. The sign must be displayed throughout the construction period. Copies of a suitable warning sign are available at Council's Customer Service Centre for a nominal fee.

38. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site. Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

If the work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is likely to cause pedestrian or vehicular traffic in a public place to be obstructed or rendered inconvenient or the building involves the enclosure of a public place, a hoarding or fence must be erected between the work site and the public place.

If necessary, an awning is to be erected sufficiently to prevent any substance from, or in connection with, the work from falling into the public place or adjoining premises.

The public place adjacent to the work site must be kept lit between sunset and sunrise if it is likely to be hazardous to persons in the public place and any

such hoarding, fence or awning is to be removed upon completion of the work.

Temporary fences and hoardings are to be structurally adequate, safe and be constructed in a professional manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or any public place, the written consent from Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

39. The demolition, removal, storage, handling and disposal of materials and all building work must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements (as applicable):

- Australian Standard 2601 (2001) – Demolition of Structures
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000
- Occupational Health and Safety (Hazardous Substances) Regulation 2001
- Occupational Health and Safety (Asbestos Removal Work) Regulation 2001
- WorkCover NSW – Guidelines and Codes of Practice
- Randwick City Council's Asbestos Policy
- The Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.

40. Any work involving the demolition, storage and disposal of asbestos products and materials must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements:

- a) Randwick City Council's Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005). *A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.*
- b) A WorkCover licensed demolition or asbestos removal contractor must undertake removal of more than 10m<sup>2</sup> of bonded asbestos (or as otherwise specified by WorkCover or relevant legislation). Removal of friable asbestos material must only be undertaken by contractor that holds a current friable asbestos removal licence.
- c) On sites involving the removal of asbestos, a professionally manufactured sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site, containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS' and include details of the licensed contractor. The sign shall measure not less than 400mm x 300mm and the sign is to be installed prior to demolition work commencing and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos has been safely removed from the site.
- d) Asbestos waste must be stored, transported and disposed of in compliance with the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996. Asbestos waste must be disposed of at an approved waste disposal depot (refer to the DEC or Waste Service NSW for details of

sites). Copies of all receipts detailing method and location of disposal must be maintained on site and be provided to Council officers upon request, as evidence of correct disposal.

- e) A Clearance Certificate or Statement, prepared by a suitably qualified person (i.e. an occupational hygienist, licensed asbestos removal contractor, building consultant, architect or experienced licensed building contractor), must be provided to Council upon completion of the works **prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued**, which confirms that the asbestos material have been removed appropriately and the relevant requirements contained in the Asbestos Survey and conditions of consent in relation to the safe removal and disposal of asbestos, have been satisfied.

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the relevant pollution control criteria and to maintain reasonable levels of health, safety and amenity to the locality:**

41. The use and operation of the premises shall not give rise to an environmental health or public nuisance, vibration to other premises or, result in an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Regulations*.
42. The proposed use of the premises and the operation of all plant and equipment shall not give rise to an 'offensive noise' as defined in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Regulations.

In this regard, the operation of the premises and plant and equipment shall not give rise to a sound pressure level at any affected premises that exceeds the background ( $L_{A90, 15 \text{ min}}$ ) noise level, measured in the absence of the noise source/s under consideration by more than 5dB(A). The source noise level shall be assessed as an  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ min}}$  and adjusted in accordance with the NSW Environmental Protection Authority's Industrial Noise Policy 2000 and Environmental Noise Control Manual (sleep disturbance).

**ADVISORY MATTERS:**

1. The applicant is advised that the Construction Certificate plans and specification must comply with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (BCA).

In this regard, the development consent plans do not show compliance with the deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the BCA, including:

- |    |             |   |  |
|----|-------------|---|--|
| a) | Part B1     | - | Structural provisions                            |
| b) | Part D1     | - | Provisions for escape                            |
| c) | Clause D1.2 | - | Number of exits required                         |
| d) | Clause D1.4 | - | Exit travel distances                            |
| e) | Part D2     | - | Construction of exits                            |
| f) | Part E1     | - | Fire fighting equipment                          |
| g) | Part E4     | - | Emergency lighting, exit signs & warning systems |
| h) | Section J   | - | Energy efficiency                                |

Details of compliance with the relevant provisions of the Building Code of Australia and conditions of development consent are to be provided in the plans and specifications for the construction certificate.

You are advised to ensure that the development is not inconsistent with Council's consent and if necessary consult with Council's Building Certification

Services or your accredited certifier prior to submitting your construction certificate application to enable these matters to be addressed accordingly.

2. The applicant/owner is advised that this approval does not guarantee compliance with the provisions of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 and the applicant should therefore consider their liability under the Act. In this regard, the applicant is advised that compliance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standard 1428.1 - Design for Access and Mobility does not necessarily satisfy the objectives of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992.

The applicant/owner is requested to give consideration to providing access and facilities for people with disabilities in accordance with Australian Standard 1428 Parts 1, 2, 3 and 4 - Design for Access and Mobility, which may be necessary to satisfy the objectives of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992.

### **Advisory Conditions**

The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, reserve or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.

**MOTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY - SEE RESOLUTION.**

### **D57/09 Development Application Report - 65 Melody Street, Coogee (DA/360/2009)**

PL77/09

**RESOLUTION: (Matson/Hughes)** that the application be deferred to enable mediation between the applicant and the objector with the intent of maximising solar light to the objectors' rear folding door/window structure.

**MOTION: (Matson/Hughes) CARRIED - SEE RESOLUTION.**

A **DIVISION** was taken and the names of the Councillors voting FOR and AGAINST were as follows:

<b>FOR</b>	<b>AGAINST</b>
Councillor Bellei	Councillor Andrews
Councillor Bowen	Councillor Procopiadis
Councillor Hughes	Councillor Matthews
Councillor Matson	Councillor Tracey
Councillor Nash	Councillor White
Councillor Notley-Smith	
Councillor Seng	
Councillor Smith	
Councillor Woodsmith	
<b>Total (9)</b>	<b>Total (5)</b>

### **D59/09 Development Application Report - 15 Gordon Avenue, Coogee (DA/295/2009)**

PL78/09

**RESOLUTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews)** that Council, as the consent authority, grants development consent under Sections 80 and 80A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, as amended, to Development Application No. DA/295/2009 for demolition of the existing structures on site and construction of a detached dwelling house comprising part 2 and part 3 storeys with double garage, swimming pool, landscaping and associated works, at No. 15 Gordon Avenue, South Coogee, subject to the following conditions:

**The following conditions are applied to satisfy the provisions of section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

1. The development must be implemented substantially in accordance with the following plans:

Plan Number	Dated	Received	Prepared By
DA01c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	Madeleine Blanchfield Architects
DA02c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA03c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA04c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA05c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA06c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA07c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA08c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA09c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA13c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	
DA14c	5/05/09	15 May 2009	

the application form and any supporting information received with the application, except as may be amended by the following conditions and as may be shown in red on the attached plans:

2. The colours, materials and finishes of the external surfaces to the building are to be consistent with the submitted Finishes Board, numbered DA17c, 5 May 2009, prepared by Madeleine Blanchfield Architects, and received by Council on 21 July 2009.
3. There must be no encroachment of the structure/s onto Council's road reserve, footway or public place, unless written permission has been obtained from the Council beforehand.
4. Street numbering must be provided to the premises in a prominent position, in accordance with the Australia Post guidelines and AS/NZS 4819 (2003) to the satisfaction of Council, **prior to an occupation certificate being issued** for the development.
5. The finished ground levels external to the building are to be consistent with the development consent and are not to be raised (other than for the provision of approved paving or the like on the ground) without the written consent of Council.
6. Eaves, gutters, hoods and similar structures or attachments are required to be setback from the side boundaries of the allotment a minimum distance of 500mm and details of compliance are to be included in the construction certificate details.
7. Lighting to the premises shall be designed so as not to cause a nuisance to nearby residents.
8. No cooking facilities or sanitary fittings other than those indicated on the approved plans are to be installed in the premises without the prior written

9. Metal roof sheeting is to be painted or colour bonded to minimize reflection and to be sympathetic and compatible with the building and surrounding environment.
10. Any gate opening shall be constructed so that the gate, when hung, will be fitted in such a manner that it will not open over the footway on Gordon Avenue or a public place.

**The following condition is imposed to satisfy the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation:**

11. All building, plumbing and drainage work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation.

The approved Construction Certificate plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre prior to commencing any building or excavation works, to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if any further requirements need to be met.

If suitable, the plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to Sydney Water's web site at [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) and go to the Building, Developing and Plumbing, then Quick Check or Building and Renovating or telephone 13 20 92.

The principal certifying authority must ensure that a Quick Check Agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans **before commencing any works.**

**The following condition is applied to meet additional demands for public facilities:**

12. In accordance with Council's Section 94A Development Contributions Plan effective from 2 July 2007, the following monetary levy must be paid to Council.

Category	Cost	Applicable Levy	S94A Levy
Development cost more than \$200,000	\$2,967,212	1.0%	<b>\$29,672.12</b>

The levy must be paid in cash, bank cheque or by credit card prior to a construction certificate being issued for the proposed development. The development is subject to an index to reflect quarterly variations in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) from the date of Council's determination to the date of payment.

Council's Section 94A Development Contribution Plans may be inspected at the Customer Service Centre, Administrative Centre, 30 Frances Street, Randwick or at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au).

**The following conditions are imposed to promote ecologically sustainable development and energy efficiency.**

13. In accordance with Section 80A (11) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Clause 97A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a prescribed condition that all of the required commitments listed in the relevant BASIX Certificate for this

development are fulfilled.

14. In accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, a relevant BASIX Certificate and associated documentation must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate application for this development.

The required commitments listed and identified in the BASIX Certificate are to be included on the plans, specifications and associated documentation for the proposed development, to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

The design of the building must not be inconsistent with the development consent and any proposed variations to the building to achieve the BASIX commitments may necessitate a new development consent or amendment to the existing consent to be obtained, prior to a construction certificate being issued.

15. The following provisions are to be implemented in accordance with the relevant BASIX Certificate and details are to be included in the Construction Certificate documentation (as applicable), to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority:

- Stormwater management (i.e. rainwater tanks)
- Water efficiency (i.e. triple A rated taps and showers, dual flush toilets and water re-use)
- Landscaping provisions
- Thermal comfort (i.e. construction materials, glazing and insulation)
- Energy efficiency (i.e. cooling & heating provisions and hot water systems)

16. In accordance with Clause 154B of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, a Certifying Authority must not issue a final Occupation Certificate for this development, unless it is satisfied that each of the required BASIX commitments has been fulfilled.

Relevant documentary evidence of compliance with the BASIX commitments is to be forwarded to the Council upon issuing the final Occupation Certificate.

**The following condition has been applied to ensure that adequate drainage is provided from the premises and to maintain adequate levels of health and amenity in the locality:**

17. External paths and ground surfaces are to be constructed at appropriate levels and be graded and drained away from the building and adjoining premises, so as not to result in the entry of water into the building, or cause a nuisance or damage to the adjoining premises.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Regulations:**

18. The requirements and provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, must be fully complied with at all times.

Failure to comply with these legislative requirements is an offence and may result in the commencement of legal proceedings, issuing of `on-the-spot` penalty infringements or service of a notice and order by Council.

19. All new building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of

the **Building Code of Australia** (BCA), in accordance with Clause 98 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

20. **Prior to the commencement of any building works, a construction certificate** must be obtained from the Council or an accredited certifier, in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be made available to the Council officers and all building contractors for assessment.

21. **Prior to the commencement of any building works**, the person having the benefit of the development consent must:

- i) appoint a *Principal Certifying Authority* for the building work, and
- ii) appoint a *principal contractor* for the building work, or in relation to residential building work, obtain an *owner-builder* permit in accordance with the requirements of the Home Building Act 1989, and notify the *Principal Certifying Authority* and Council accordingly in writing, and
- iii) unless the person having the benefit of the consent is the *principal contractor* (i.e. *owner-builder*), notify the *principal contractor* of the required *critical stage inspections* and other inspections to be carried out, as specified by the *Principal Certifying Authority*, and
- iv) give at least two days notice to the Council, in writing, of the person's intention to commence building works.

*In relation to residential building work, the principal contractor must be the holder of a contractor licence, in accordance with the provisions of the Home Building Act 1989.*

22. The building works must be inspected by the *Principal Certifying Authority* (or another *certifying authority* if the *Principal Certifying Authority* agrees), in accordance with sections 109 E (3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and clause 162A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, to monitor compliance with the relevant standards of construction, Council's development consent and the construction certificate.

The *Principal Certifying Authority* must specify the relevant stages of construction to be inspected in accordance with section 81A (2) (b1) (ii) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 and a satisfactory inspection must be carried out, to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority*, prior to proceeding to the subsequent stages of construction or finalisation of the works (as applicable).

Documentary evidence of the building inspections carried out and details of compliance with Council's consent is to be maintained by the *Principal Certifying Authority*. Details of *critical stage inspections* carried out and copies of certification relied upon must also be forwarded to Council with the *occupation certificate*.

The *principal contractor* or *owner-builder* (as applicable) must ensure that the required critical stage and other inspections, as specified in the *Principal Certifying Authority's "Notice of Critical Stage Inspections"*, are carried out to the satisfaction of the *Principal Certifying Authority* and at least 48 hours



notice (excluding weekends and public holidays) is to be given to the *Principal Certifying Authority*, to carry out the required inspection, before carrying out any further works.

23. A sign must be erected and maintained in a prominent position on the site for the duration of the works, which contains the following details:
- name, address, contractor licence number and telephone number of the *principal contractor*, including a telephone number at which the person may be contacted outside working hours, or *owner-builder* permit details (as applicable)
  - name, address and telephone number of the *Principal Certifying Authority*,
  - a statement stating that "unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited".
24. An **Occupation Certificate** must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to any occupation of the building work** encompassed in this development consent (including alterations and additions to existing buildings), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

An Occupation Certificate must not be issued for the development if the development is inconsistent with the development consent. The relevant requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and conditions of development consent must be satisfied prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate.

25. **Prior to the issuing of an interim or final occupation certificate**, a statement is required to be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority, which confirms that the development is not inconsistent with the development consent and the relevant conditions of development consent have been satisfied.

Details of *critical stage* inspections carried out by the principal certifying authority together with any other certification relied upon must also be provided to Council with the occupation certificate.

26. In accordance with clause 98 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a prescribed condition, that in the case of residential building work, a contract of insurance must be obtained and in force, in accordance with the provisions of the Home Building Act 1989.

Where the work is to be done by a licensed contractor, excavation or building work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA):

- has been informed in writing of the licensee's name and contractor number; and
- is satisfied that the licensee has complied with the insurance requirements of Part 6 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, or

Where the work to be done by any other person (i.e. an *owner-builder*), excavation or building work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority:

- has been informed of the person's name and *owner-builder* permit number, or
- has been given a declaration, signed by the owner of the land that states that the market cost of the labour and materials involved in the work does not exceed \$5,000.

Details of the principal building contractor and compliance with the provisions of the *Home Building Act 1989* (i.e. *Details of the principal licensed building contractor and a copy of the Certificate of Insurance*) are to be submitted to Council **prior to the commencement of works**, with the notice of appointment of the PCA / notice of intention to commence building work.

27. The required Long Service Levy payment, under the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, is to be forwarded to the Long Service Levy Corporation or the Council, **prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate**, in accordance with Section 109F of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

*At the time of this development consent, Long Service Levy payment is applicable on building work having a value of \$25,000 or more, at the rate of 0.35% of the cost of the works.*

28. Smoke alarms are required to be installed in each Class 1 building or residential dwelling in accordance with the relevant provisions of Part 3.7.2 of the B.C.A. – Housing Provisions.

Smoke alarms must comply with AS3786 – Smoke alarms and be connected to the consumer mains electric power supply and provided with a battery back-up.

The smoke alarms are to be installed in suitable locations on or near the ceiling, in any storey containing bedrooms; located between each part of the dwelling containing the bedrooms and the remainder of the dwelling, or where bedrooms are served by a hallway, the smoke alarms are to be located in that hallway; and smoke alarms are to be installed in any other storey not containing bedrooms, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

Smoke alarms are not to be located in 'dead-air-spaces', in the corner junction of walls and ceilings between exposed rafters/joists or at the apex of raked ceilings, as detailed in Part 3.7.2 of the Building Code of Australia – Housing Provisions.

Details of compliance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia must be included in the plans / specification for the **construction certificate**.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that the development satisfies relevant standards of construction, and to maintain adequate levels of health, safety and amenity during construction:**

29. The demolition of buildings and the removal, storage, handling and disposal of building materials must be carried out in accordance with the following regulations:
- The requirements and Guidelines of WorkCover NSW
  - Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000
  - Australian Standard 2601 (2001) – Demolition of Structures
  - The Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
  - Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.
30. A Demolition Work Plan must be prepared for the development in accordance with Australian Standard AS2601-2001, Demolition of Structures.

The Work Plan must include the following information (as applicable):

- The name, address, contact details and licence number of the Demolisher /Asbestos Removal Contractor

- Details of hazardous materials, including asbestos
- Method/s of demolition and removal of asbestos
- Measures and processes to be implemented to ensure the health & safety of workers and community
- Measures to be implemented to minimise any airborne asbestos and dust
- Methods and location of disposal of any asbestos or other hazardous materials
- Other relevant details, measures and requirements to be implemented as identified in the Asbestos Survey
- Date the demolition and removal of any asbestos materials will commence

The Demolition Work Plan must be submitted to Council and the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) if the Council is not the PCA, not less than two (2) working days **before commencing any demolition works** involving asbestos products or materials. A copy of the Demolition Work Plan must also be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

**Note** *it is the responsibility of the persons undertaking demolition work to obtain the relevant WorkCover licences and permits.*

31. Any work involving the demolition, storage and disposal of asbestos products and materials must be carried out in accordance with the following requirements:
- a. Relevant Occupational Health & Safety legislation and WorkCover NSW requirements
  - b. Randwick City Council's Asbestos Policy (adopted 13 September 2005)
  - c. A WorkCover licensed demolition or asbestos removal contractor must undertake removal of more than 10m<sup>2</sup> of bonded asbestos (or as otherwise specified by WorkCover or relevant legislation). Removal of friable asbestos material must only be undertaken by contractor that holds a current friable asbestos removal licence.
  - d. On sites involving the removal of asbestos, a sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site, containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS' and include details of the licensed contractor.
  - e. Asbestos waste must be stored, transported and disposed of in compliance with the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 1996.
  - f. A Clearance Certificate or Statement, prepared by a suitably qualified person (ie an occupational hygienist, licensed asbestos removal contractor, building consultant, architect or experienced licensed building contractor), must be provided to Council and the Principal certifying authority upon completion of the asbestos related works which confirms that the asbestos material have been removed appropriately and the relevant conditions of consent have been satisfied.

*A copy of Council's Asbestos Policy is available on Council's web site at [www.randwick.nsw.gov.au](http://www.randwick.nsw.gov.au) in the Building & Development Section or a copy can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre.*

32. All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely in accordance with appropriate professional standards and excavations are to be properly guarded and supported to prevent them from being dangerous to life, property or buildings.

Retaining walls, shoring or piling must be provided to support land which is excavated in association with the erection or demolition of a building, to prevent the movement of soil and to support the adjacent land and buildings, if the soil conditions require it. Adequate provisions are also to be made for drainage.

Retaining walls, shoring, or piling must be designed and installed in accordance with appropriate professional standards and the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards. Details of proposed retaining walls, shoring or piling are to be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority for the development prior to commencing such excavations or works.

33. A dilapidation report prepared by a professional engineer, accredited building surveyor or other suitably qualified person must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to commencement** of any demolition, excavation or building works, in the following cases:

- new dwellings or additions to dwellings sited up to the property boundaries (including additions to a semi-detached dwelling),
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are proposed to be located within the zone of influence of the footings of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- excavations for new dwellings, additions to dwellings, swimming pools or the like which are within rock and may result in vibration and or potential damage to any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon an adjoining premises,
- as otherwise required by the Principal Certifying Authority.

The report (including photographs) is to detail the current condition and status of any dwelling, associated garage or other substantial structure located upon the adjoining premises, which may be affected by the subject works.

34. The adjoining land and buildings located upon the adjoining land must be adequately supported at all times.

If an excavation associated with the erection or demolition of a building extends below the level of the base of the footings of any building located on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation must:

- preserve and protect the building /s on the adjoining land from damage; and
- effectively support the excavation and building; and
- at least seven (7) days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land (including a public road or public place), give notice of the intention and particulars of the works to the owner of the adjoining land.

*Notes*

- *This consent and condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is proposed to be carried out upon any adjoining or supported land, the principal contractor or owner-builder must obtain:*

- a) *the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or*
- b) *an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or*
- c) *an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or*
- d) *an easement under section 40 of the Land & Environment Court Act 1979, as appropriate.*

- *Section 177 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).*

35. Except with the written approval of Council's Manager of Health, Building & Regulatory Services, all building, demolition and associated site works (including site deliveries) must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm on Monday to Friday inclusive and between 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturdays and all building activities are strictly prohibited on Sundays and Public Holidays.

In addition, the use of any rock excavation machinery or any mechanical pile drivers or the like, is restricted to the hours of 8.00am to 5.00pm (maximum) on Monday to Friday only, to minimise the noise levels during construction and loss of amenity to nearby residents.

36. Noise and vibration emissions during the construction of the building and associated site works must not result in damage to nearby premises or result in an unreasonable loss of amenity to nearby residents and the relevant provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* must be satisfied at all times.

Noise and vibration from any rock excavation machinery and pile drivers (or the like) must be minimised by using appropriate plant and equipment and silencers and a construction noise and vibration minimisation strategy, prepared by a suitably qualified consultant is to be implemented during the works, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.

37. A Registered Surveyor's check survey certificate or *compliance certificate* is to be forwarded to the principal certifying authority (*and a copy is to be forwarded to the Council, if the Council is not the principal certifying authority*), detailing compliance with Council's approval at the following stage/s of construction:

- a) Prior to construction of the footings or first completed floor slab (prior to the pouring of concrete), showing the area of the land, building and boundary setbacks and levels of the building.
- b) On completion of the erection of the building showing the area of the land, the position of the building and boundary setbacks and verifying the building has been constructed at the approved levels.

38. Temporary toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site throughout the course of demolition and construction, to the satisfaction of WorkCover NSW and the toilet facilities must be connected to a public sewer or other sewage management facility approved by Council.

39. Public safety must be maintained at all times and public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5

metres). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of cyclone wire fencing, with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control, or other material approved by Council.

Temporary site fences are to be structurally adequate, safe and be constructed in a professional manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place **prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works** and be maintained throughout construction.

If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings or amenities upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or public place, the written consent from Council's Building Services section must be obtained beforehand and detailed plans are to be submitted to Council for consideration, together with payment of the weekly charge in accordance with Council's adopted fees and charges.

40. A Construction Site Management Plan is to be submitted to and approved by the principal certifying authority **prior to the commencement** of demolition, excavation or building works. The site management plan must include the following measures, as applicable to the type of development:

- location and construction of protective fencing/hoardings to the perimeter of the site;
- location of site storage areas/sheds/equipment;
- location of building materials for construction;
- provisions for public safety;
- dust control measures;
- site access location and construction
- details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- protective measures for tree preservation;
- provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- location and size of waste containers/bulk bins;
- details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures;
- construction noise and vibration management;
- construction traffic management provisions.

The site management measures are to be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout the works, to maintain adequate levels of public health and safety. A copy of the approved Construction Site Management Plan must be maintained on site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

41. During construction stages, sediment laden stormwater run-off shall be controlled using the sediment control measures outlined in the manual for Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction, published by the NSW Department of Housing.

Details of the proposed sediment control measures are to be detailed in the Construction Site Management Plan which must be submitted to and approved by the principal certifying authority **prior to the commencement of any site works**. The sediment and erosion control measures must be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and be maintained throughout construction. A copy of the approved details must be forwarded to the Council and a copy is to be maintained on-site and be made available to Council officers upon request.

Details of proposed sediment and erosion control measures shall include; a site plan; indicating the slope of land, access points & access control measures, location and type of sediment & erosion controls, location of existing vegetation to be retained, location of material stockpiles and storage areas, location of building operations and equipment, methods of sediment control, details of drainage systems and details of existing and proposed vegetation.

42. Public safety and convenience must be maintained at all times during demolition, excavation and construction works and the following requirements must be complied with:
- a. Building materials, sand, soil, waste materials, construction equipment or other activities must not be placed upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time and the footpath, nature strip and road must be maintained in a clean condition and free from any obstructions, soil and debris at all times.
  - b. Stockpiles of soil, sand, aggregate or other materials must not be located on any footpath, roadway, nature strip, drainage line or any public place and the stockpiles must be protected with adequate sediment control measures.
  - c. Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or equipment and mixing mortar are not permitted on public footpaths, roadways, nature strips, in any public place or any location which may lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
  - d. A warning sign for soil and water management must be displayed in a prominent position on the building site, visible to both the public and site workers. The sign must be displayed throughout the construction period. Copies of a suitable warning sign are available at Council's Customer Service Centre for a nominal fee.
  - e. Bulk bins/waste containers must not be located upon the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time without the prior written approval of the Council. Applications to place a waste container in a public place can be made to Council's Health Building and Regulatory Services section.
  - f. Any part of Council's road, footway or nature strip which is damaged as a result of the work must be repaired or replaced to Council's satisfaction prior to occupation or finalisation of the development.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure compliance with the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and to maintain public safety and amenity:**

43. Swimming pools are to be provided with childproof fences and self-locking gates, in accordance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and regulations.

The swimming pool is to be surrounded by a fence having a minimum height of 1.2m, that separates the pool from any residential building situated on the premises and from any place (whether public or private) adjoining the premises; and that is designed, constructed and installed in accordance with AS 1926-1986.

Gates to pool area shall be a maximum width of 1 metre, and be self-closing and latching; the gate is required to open outwards from the pool area and prevent a small child opening the gate or door when the gate or door is closed.

Temporary pool safety fencing is to be provided pending the completion of all

building work and the pool must not be filled until a fencing inspection has been carried out and approved by the principal certifying authority.

A sign shall be erected in a prominent position in the immediate vicinity of the swimming pool, in accordance with the document entitled "Policy Statement No.9.4.1: Guidelines for the Preparation of Posters on Resuscitation", published in 1985 by the Australian Resuscitation Council and the sign must bear a notice that contains the words "YOUNG CHILDREN SHOULD BE SUPERVISED WHEN USING THIS SWIMMING POOL", together with details of resuscitation techniques (for adults, children and infants) set out in accordance with the document entitled "Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation" published by the Australian Resuscitation Council.

44. Swimming pools are to be designed, installed and operated in accordance with the following general requirements: -
- a. Backwash of the pool filter and other discharge of water is to be drained to the sewer in accordance with the requirements of the Sydney Water Corporation; and
  - b. All pool overflow water is to be drained away from the building and adjoining premises, so as not to result in a nuisance or damage to premises; and
  - c. Water recirculation and filtrations systems are required to comply with AS 1926.3 - 2003: Swimming Pool Safety - Water Recirculation and Filtration Systems; and
  - d. Pool plant and equipment is to be enclosed in a sound absorbing enclosure or installed within a building, to minimise noise emissions and possible nuisance to nearby residents; and
  - e. The pool plant and equipment shall not be operated during the following hours if the noise emitted can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises, or, as otherwise specified in relevant Noise Control Regulations:
    - i. before 8.00am or after 8.00pm on any Sunday or public holiday; or
    - ii. before 7.00am or after 8.00pm on any other day.
45. Written notification must be provided to Council advising of the installation and completion of the Swimming Pool (or Spa Pool), to satisfy the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*, **prior to issuing an Occupation Certificate.**

Council's "Notification & Registration of a Swimming Pool" form must be completed and forwarded to Council prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued for the pool.

46. The operation of all plant and equipment shall not give rise to an 'offensive noise' as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Regulations*.

In this regard, the operation of the plant and equipment shall not give rise to an  $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ min}}$  sound pressure level at any affected premises that exceeds the background  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ min}}$  noise level, measured in the absence of the noise source/s under consideration by more than 5dB(A) in accordance with relevant NSW Department of Environment & Conservation Noise Control Guidelines.

**The following conditions have been applied to ensure that noise emissions from the development satisfy legislative requirements and maintain reasonable levels of amenity to the area:**

47. The installation of rainwater tanks shall comply with the following noise control requirements:-



- a) The operation of all plant and equipment shall not give rise to an 'offensive noise' as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Regulations*.

In this regard, the operation of the plant and equipment shall not give rise to an  $L_{Aed, 15 \text{ min}}$  sound pressure level at any affected premises that exceeds the background  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ min}}$  noise level, measured in the absence of the noise source/s under consideration by more than 5dB(A) in accordance with relevant NSW Department of Environment & Conservation Noise Control Guidelines.

- b) Plant and equipment associated with rainwater tank(s) are to be enclosed in a sound absorbing enclosure or installed within a building, to minimise noise emissions and possible nuisance to nearby residents.
- c) The operation of plant and equipment associated with the rainwater tank(s) are to be restricted to the following hours if the noise emitted can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises:
- before 8.00am or after 8.00pm on weekends or public holiday;  
or
  - before 7.00am or after 8.00pm on weekdays.

**The following conditions are applied to ensure that adequate provisions are made for the management of waste from the development:**

48. Adequate provisions are to be made within the premises for the storage and removal of waste and recyclable materials, to the satisfaction of Council and details are to be included in the construction certificate documentation.
49. A demolition and construction Waste Management Plan (WMP) must be developed and implemented for the development, to the satisfaction of Council, **prior to the commencement of works**.

The Waste Management Plan must provide details of the type and quantities of demolition and construction waste materials, proposed re-use and recycling of materials, methods of disposal and details of recycling outlets and land fill sites.

Where practicable waste materials must be re-used or recycled, rather than disposed and further details of Council's requirements including relevant guidelines and pro-forma WMP forms can be obtained from Council's Customer Service Centre or by telephoning Council on 9399 0999.

Details and receipts verifying the recycling and disposal of materials must be kept on site at all times and presented to Council officers upon request.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate security against damage to Council's infrastructure:**

50. The following damage/civil works security deposit requirement is to be complied with prior to a construction certificate being issued for the development, as security for making good any damage caused to the roadway, footway, reserve, verge or any public place; or as security for completing any public work; and for remedying any defect on such public works, in accordance with section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979:
- a) \$2000.00 - Damage/Civil Works Security Deposit

The damage/civil works security deposit may be provided by way of a cash or cheque with the Council and is refundable upon:

- A satisfactory inspection by Council that no damage has occurred to the Council assets such as roadway, kerb, guttering, drainage pits footway, or verge; and
- Completion of the civil works as conditioned in this development consent by Council.

The applicant is to advise Council, in writing, of the completion of all building works and/or obtaining an occupation certificate, if required.

The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for access, transport and infrastructure:**

51. Prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate the applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to:
  - a) Construct concrete vehicular crossing and layback at kerb opposite the vehicular entrance to the site.
  - b) Remove the redundant concrete vehicular crossing and layback and to reinstate the area with concrete footpath, turf and integral kerb and gutter to Council's specification.
  - c) Re-construct any remaining kerb and gutter across the full site frontage except opposite the vehicular access.
52. The applicant must meet the full cost for Council or a Council approved contractor to repair/replace any damaged sections of Council's footpath, kerb & gutter, nature strip etc which are due to building works being carried out at the above site. This includes the removal of cement slurry from Council's footpath and roadway.
53. The applicant shall note that all external work, carried out on Council property, shall be in accordance with Council's Policy for "Vehicular Access and Road and Drainage Works". An application for the cost of the Council civil works is to be submitted to Council at the completion of the internal building works. An application fee shall be payable to Council for the quotation of the required works. The applicant may elect to use his contractor for the required works, subject to Council approval, however a design and supervision fee based on the lowest quotation from Council's nominated contractor will be required to be paid prior to the commencement of any works.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for future civil works in the road reserve:**

54. The Council's Development Engineer has inspected the above site and has determined that the design alignment level at the property boundary for driveways, access ramps and pathways or the like, must be 50mm ABOVE the top of the kerb at all points opposite the kerb, along the full site frontage.
55. The design alignment levels (concrete/paved/tiled level) issued by Council and their relationship to the roadway/kerb/footpath must be indicated on the building plans for the construction certificate. The design alignment level at the street boundary, as issued by the Council, must be strictly adhered to.

56. The above alignment levels and the site inspection by Council's Development Engineering Section have been issued at a prescribed fee of \$668 calculated at \$44.00 (inclusive of GST) per metre of site frontage. This amount is to be paid prior to a construction certificate being issued for the development.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate consideration for service authority assets:**

57. A public utility impact assessment must be carried out on all public utility services on the site, roadway, nature strip, footpath, public reserve or any public areas associated with and/or adjacent to the development/building works and include relevant information from public utility authorities and exploratory trenching or pot-holing, if necessary, to determine the position and level of service.
58. The applicant must meet the full cost for telecommunication companies, gas providers, Energy Australia and Sydney Water to adjust/repair/relocate their services as required. The applicant must make the necessary arrangements with the service authority.
59. A Road / Asset Opening Permit must be obtained from Council prior to carrying out any public utility service works within or upon a road, footpath, nature strip or in any public place, in accordance with section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 and all of the conditions and requirements contained in the Road/Asset Opening Permit must be complied with.

The owner/builder must ensure that all works within or upon the road reserve, footpath, nature strip or other public place are completed to the satisfaction of Council, prior to the issuing of a final occupation certificate for the development.

For further information, please contact Council's Road/Asset Opening Officer on 9399 0691 or 9399 0999.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for drainage and associated infrastructure:**

60. Detailed drainage plans shall be submitted to and approved by the certifying authority prior to the issue of a construction certificate. The drainage plans shall demonstrate compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
61. Any stormwater runoff which cannot be directed to the kerb and gutter at the front of the property shall be discharged to the coastal reserve at the rear of the site in general accordance with plans by ITM, design drawing No.H-DA-01 dated 8<sup>th</sup> May 2009.
62. All site stormwater which is discharged from the site, must be taken through a sediment/silt arrester pit. The sediment/silt arrester pit shall be constructed with:-
- The base of the pit located a minimum 300mm under the invert level of the outlet pipe.
  - The pit must be constructed from cast in-situ concrete, precast concrete or double brick.
  - The grate is to be a galvanised heavy-duty grate that has a provision for

a child proof fastening system.

- A minimum of 4 x 90 mm diameter weep holes located in the walls of the pit at the floor level with a suitable geotextile material with a high filtration rating located over the weep holes.
- A galvanised heavy-duty screen located over the outlet pipe (Mascot GMS Multi-purpose filter screen or similar).
- A child proof and corrosion resistant fastening system for the access grate (spring loaded j-bolts or similar).
- The inlet pipeline located on the side of the pit so that the stormwater will discharge across the face of the screen.
- A sign adjacent to this pit stating that:  
  
"This sediment/silt arrester pit shall be regularly inspected and cleaned."

**Note: Sketch details of a standard sediment/silt arrester pit can be obtained from Council's Drainage Engineer.**

63. The dispersion/rubble pit shall:-

- i) have a minimum 300 mm of soil cover (600 mm where the pit is located under a garden/landscaping area).
- ii) be located a minimum of 3.0 metres from the dwelling or other structure (closer if a structural engineer certifies that the dispersion area will not adversely affect the structure) and 2.1 metres from the adjacent side boundaries.
- iii) be constructed with a minimum 200 mm thick layer of 20 mm basalt/blue metal (or similar) that is wrapped in a suitable geotextile material covering with a high filtration rating (Geofabrics Bidim "A" range of filtration fabrics or equivalent). A suitable means of dispersing the stormwater over the area is to be constructed.

Note: other equivalent methods of dispersion may be adopted

- iv) have a minimum base area of 5.0 square metres (m<sup>2</sup>).

**The following conditions have been applied to provide adequate protection to the natural bushland in the adjacent Gordon's Bay Coastal Reserve.**

64. Prior to the commencement of any site works, the applicant must arrange an on-site meeting with Council's Natural Systems Co-ordinator (9399-0686) to ensure that all of Council's requirements will be met in regards to:

- a) A site inspection regime that is agreeable to both the applicant and Council's Officer, for the purpose of confirming compliance/adherence;
- b) Species selection, size and location for any planting, as well as mulching, proposed in the retaining wall planter boxes and lowest terrace, along the rear (eastern) boundary, adjoining Council's Gordons Bay Reserve;
- c) Protection of existing vegetation within the lowest, most eastern terrace of the property, as well as within the reserve;
- d) Collection and treatment of stormwater, drainage, pool overflow etc;
- e) Location, footing, height and material proposed for the new retaining wall;
- f) Sediment, run-off and erosion control measures, as well as any other

measures deemed necessary to protect the reserve.

65. Access from/over Council's coastal walk or Gordons Bay reserve to the site is **prohibited** during the course of works, with all construction certificate plans needing to acknowledge that access must be gained solely from within the property.
66. For safety and liability reasons, Council prohibits the construction of any new access paths, temporary or permanent gates or any other access points at the property boundary which will facilitate private access to Gordon's Bay Reserve.
67. No temporary or permanent placement or storage of any items of plant, materials, tools, equipment, vehicles etc shall occur within the Gordons Bay Reserve, with the only exception being:
  - The installation of silt fencing, protection signage, and erosion, siltation and run-off controls as described in these conditions.
68. No foreign matter; including, but not limited to: litter, cement wash, concrete, fill, soils, mulch, building materials, chemicals, petroleum-based products, paint etc, shall be disposed of, placed in, or be allowed to enter Gordon's Bay Reserve.
69. Where any breaches of these conditions occur, the applicant must remediate, restore, reinstate the reserve, to the satisfaction of Council's Natural Systems Coordinator, wholly at their cost, and prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate.
70. Erosion, siltation and run-off control at the rear (eastern boundary) of the property shall consist of synthetic material erected vertically, and shall be installed by a qualified and experienced bush regenerator.
71. Erosion, siltation and run-off control in this area must not include use of plant matter, including but not limited to: hay bales, direct seeding or hydro-mulching with seed, so as to avoid introduction of weed propagules into Gordons Bay Reserve, and must also not include any methods which cover the ground surface; including but not limited to: wood chip mulching, hydro-mulching, natural or non-natural fibre matting, so as to avoid hindrance to the natural regeneration of native plant species.
72. Erosion, siltation and run-off control within the bushland shall be:
  - installed to the satisfaction of Council's Natural Resources Coordinator, at any time, within 3 days of any instruction given;
  - only installed by persons formally qualified in Bush Regeneration who have a minimum of 2,000 hours field experience in Bush Regeneration;
  - consist only of synthetic materials; and;
  - located and installed so as to avoid damage to, removal and/or covering of, and shading any existing native plants, including seedlings
73. The applicant will be responsible for ensuring adherence to Council's requirements, and to ensure this, upon completion of all works, but prior to the issue of Final Occupation Certificate, **the applicant/PCA must obtain written confirmation from Council's Natural Systems Co-ordinator that the works comply with the relevant conditions of development consent, approved plans and any on-site instructions given.**
74. A refundable deposit in the form of cash, credit card or cheque, for an amount of **\$5,000.00 (no GST)**, shall be paid at the Cashier on the Ground Floor of

the Administrative Centre, **prior to a construction certificate being issued for the development**, in order to ensure compliance with the conditions listed in this consent, and ultimately, preservation of the bushland/reserve.

The refundable deposit will be eligible for refund following the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate, subject to completion and submission of Council's 'Security Deposit Refund Application Form', and pending a satisfactory inspection by Council's Natural Systems Coordinator (9399-0613).

Any contravention of Council's conditions or on-site instructions at any time during the course of the works, or prior to the issue of a final occupation certificate, may result in Council claiming all or part of the lodged security in order to perform any rectification works necessary, as per the requirements of 80A (6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

**The following conditions are applied to provide adequate provisions for landscaping and to maintain reasonable levels of environmental amenity:**

75. Landscaping at the site shall be installed in accordance with the Landscape Design by Kate Mitchell Design Landscape Architect, Ground Level – Rear Garden, Level 2 Front Courtyard, Level 1 Planting & Plant Schedule, dated April 2009 and stamped 15<sup>th</sup> May, prior to the issue of a final occupation certificate, and must be maintained in accordance with these plans.
76. The landscape contractor must ensure that in order to soften the visual dominance of the northeast corner of the proposed retaining wall onto the public domain (coastal walk), which is partly attributable to the natural topography of the reserve, native species which are similar in scale to the finished height of the wall will be provided in this specific area of the lower, most eastern terrace.
77. The nature-strip upon Council's footway shall be excavated to a depth of 150mm, backfilled with topsoil equivalent with 'Organic Garden Mix' as supplied by Australian Native Landscapes, and re-turfed with Kikuyu Turf or similar. Such works shall be installed prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.

**Tree Management**

78. Approval is granted only for the removal of all nine (9) *Howea fosteriana* (Kentia Palms) and associated vegetation within the front yard in order to accommodate the proposed works as shown, but is subject to full implementation of the approved landscape plan.

**Advisory Conditions**

1. The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.
2. Building or excavations works must not be commenced until a construction certificate has been obtained from Council's Building Certification Services or an Accredited Certifier and either Council's Building Certification Services or an Accredited Certifier has been appointed as the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) for this development.

Failure to obtain a Construction Certificate and appoint a PCA before commencing works is an offence, which renders the responsible person liable to a maximum penalty of \$1.1 million under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

3. A local approval application must be submitted to and be approved by Council's Building Services section prior to commencing any of the following activities on a footpath, road, nature strip or in any public place:-
  - Install or erect any site fencing, hoardings or site structures
  - Operate a crane or hoist goods or materials over a footpath or road
  - Placement of a waste skip or any other container or article.
4. The applicant is to advise Council in writing and/or photographs of any signs of existing damage to the Council roadway, footway, or verge prior to the commencement of any building/demolition works.

**MOTION: (Mayor, Cr B Notley-Smith/Andrews) CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY - SEE RESOLUTION.**

### **Notices of Rescission Motions**

Nil

The meeting closed at 7.30pm.

**The minutes of this meeting were confirmed at the Planning Committee Meeting of the Council of the City of Randwick held on Tuesday, 13 October 2009.**

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**CHAIRPERSON**